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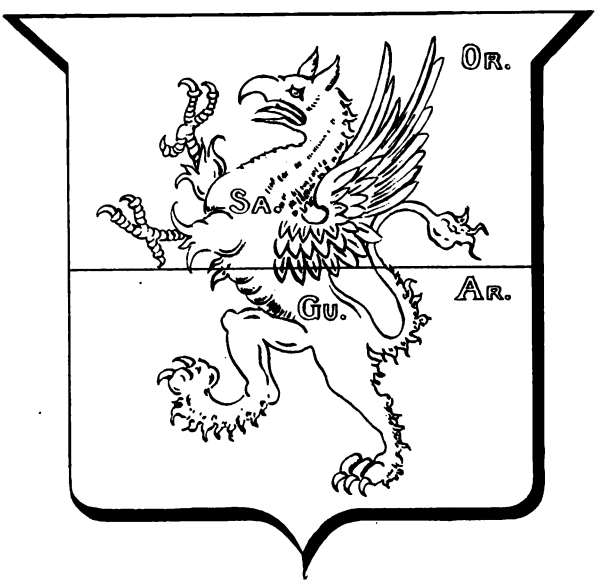

Reifsnyder Arms.

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Reifsnyder-Gillam Ancestry.

Edited by

THOMAS ALLEN GLENN.

Member of the Historical and Genealogical Society of Pennsylvania, etc.

at the request of

HOWARD REIFSNYDER, Esq.

of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

(PRIVATELY PRINTED).

PHILADELPHIA, MDCCCCII.

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Preface.

In the following pages an attempt is made to give a concise account of those families, more or less allied by ties of blood and marriage, from which Howard Reifsnyder and his wife, Hannah Gillam, descend. It so happened that both are almost entirely of Pennsylvania ancestry, with the exception that the Dungan and Wing families tarried for a brief space in Rhode Island, and a suspicion of New York Holland blood in one line, and a New Jersey strain in another. However, the lineage presented is essentially Pennsylvanian, and illustrates the make-up of the average citizen of this State.

The data presented is merely a digest of an immense collection of material gathered from various sources by Mr. Reifsnyder during the past few years. In every case the dates here given are from the manuscripts placed in the hands of the editor, and it has been thought best not to translate these to a uniformity of expression, but to give them as they stand of record in the original manuscripts, in order to avoid unnecessary danger of error.

So far as possible the editor has verified the lines given and the evidence presented for the various definite statements made, but he does not hold himself responsible, in all cases, for the absolute accuracy of dates given taken from sources which are supposed to be authentic, or for the accurate transcription of others. The pedigrees here printed of the families of Reifsnyder, Longacre, Ellis, Evans, Humphreys, Plantagenet, Hallowell, Roberts, Lloyd and allied lines, are, however, the individual work of the editor, and he holds himself strictly accountable for their absolute accuracy, barring any typographical errors which, despite care, may occur. No systematic arrangement of the book on the usual plan of editorial uniformity and the numbering of individuals has been attempted.

THOMAS ALLEN GLENN.

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Reifsnyder.

I. JOHANNES REIFSCHNEIDER[1] (or Reiffschneider) was born in Germany, about 1695-1700, and came to Pennsylvania, with his brother Sebastian, in company with Johannes Philip Boehm, in or about the year 1720. Boehm was originally a schoolmaster and foresinger in Worms, and in 1717 he held the same position in the village of Lambsheim, near Frankenthal, from which place he came to Pennsylvania, where he commenced to teach near the "Swamp," Philadelphia (now Montgomery) County, and, shortly after, was appointed reader for the "religious meeting" in that neighborhood.

"When the Rev. George Michael Weiss arrived in this country, September 21, 1727, he found John Philip Boehm preaching and laboring here without license and ordination, to which he seriously objected. So well satisfied were the people with Mr. Boehm's ministrations that they petitioned the Classis of Amsterdam, at New York, in regard to the matter. The petition is dated July, 1728, and sets forth the following:

"'We, the undersigned elders and deacons of the Reformed Christian congregations, at Falkner Schwamp,

[1] Johannes and Sebastian Reifschneider were either the grandsons or very near relatives of Zacharias Reifschneider, of Birrstein, Isenberg, Prussia, where the family existed from a very early period, and from which town it scattered over Germany, branches settling at Nuremburg, Worms and other places. The name is variously spelled, at different periods and in various towns: Reiffschneider, Reifsnitzer, Reifnitzer, Reifnider, etc. It is known that descendents of Zacharias Reifschneider, of Birrstein, came to Pennsylvania a few years prior to Johannes and Sebastian and settled near their subsequent homes, but the destruction of the records in Isenberg by the Thirty Years War has rendered it impossible to prove the exact relationship existing or to give a further account of the family. Their name and arms appear, however, in a collection of arms of German families, compiled during the latter part of the seventeenth century, and the family was once numbered amongst the lesser nobility of Germany.

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Schip Bach and Whit Marche, find ourselves, in the name of our congregations, constrained and obliged in the last degree to have recourse to your reverend body, to lay before you the hardships and perplexity of ourselves and our congregations, and to entreat you to afford us your Christian aid in the way of relief for our peace and the upbuilding of the Reformed religion in this far-off province of the world.

"'At least as early as the year 1720 there came over to us John Philip Boehm, who, according to his testimonials, had faithfully exercised the office of schoolmaster and foresinger in Worms, a city of Germany, for about seven years in succession, and was compelled by the persecutions of the Papists to flee the country. Soon after his arrival some of the neighbors established a religious meeting, and John Philip Boehm was appointed as reader. He maintained the ministry of the Word, to the best of his ability and to the great satisfaction of the people for five years, without receiving any compensation.

"'Our three still small and poor congregations of Falkner's Schwamp, Schip Bach and Whit Marche, of which the greatest is composed of only twenty-four males, the second of about twenty, and the least of not more than fourteen, are spread out for more than sixty English miles from each other, and full one hundred and seventy distant from New York.

"'The most of those among us being ignorant and needy, and daily subject to solicitations from others, it is absolutely impossible for us to provide a minister with a fixed salary, and this the more because at the time when Mr. Boehm undertook the service we were entirely without the means.'"

The Classis declared that Mr. Boehm's work was in the line of duty, and he was ordained to the office of the holy ministry on November 23, 1729, in the city of New York, by a committee appointed by the Classis of

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Amsterdam. Rev. John Philip Boehm continued as a minister to the congregations in the neighborhood of Falkner's Swamp until his death at Hellertown, now Lehigh County, April 29, 1749. Nearly all of his records and papers were destroyed by fire.

After Boehm was ordained, it appears that Johannes Reifschneider took his place as schoolmaster at the "Swamp," for Boehm writes to Holland, in making his report of the affairs of the Dutch Reformed Church, in February, 1729: "My congregation at Falkner Schwamp is well supplied by the schoolmaster, Johannes Reifschneider, and at Philadelphia is one named Johannes Berger . . . . but neither can live from the office for the reason that the people in this country (except in Philadelphia and Germantown, where they live close together) are scattered over a large territory, and not enough children can be brought together to yield a living for the schoolmaster."

We find, therefore, that Johannes Reifschneider combined teaching with farming, and that, in 1742, he was a tenant on 100 acres of land in McCall's Manor (Douglass Township), Philadelphia County. Here he lived with his son Philip prior to the latter's marriage. Johannes Reifschneider did not acquire any real estate, and no will or administration can now be found. He is presumed to have died about 1769. The name of his wife is unknown.

Children of Johannes Reifschneider:[1]

1. Philip, probably baptized Johannes Philip; *of whom presently.*

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[1] The other children of Johannes Reifschneider were, probably: George, of Ruscomb-Manor Township, Berks County, John William, who married, 1746, Eva Catharine Schweinhard, and was living, 1752, in McCall's Manor, on a farm adjoining his father, called William, Johan or Johannes, of Reading, Berks County. It may be noted here that it was usual for the Germans at that time to call several sons by the first name of John or Johannes, viz: John William, John Philip, John George, etc.

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II. **PHILIP REIFSCHNEIDER**, son of Johannes (John), the schoolmaster, was born, about 1720, probably in New Hanover Township, Philadelphia (now Montgomery) County, and, as his father came to Pennsylvania, about 1720, with Johannes Philip Boehm, schoolmaster, afterwards a clergyman of the Reformed Dutch Church, there is little doubt but that Philip was named in honor of his father's friend and companion.

As a young man Philip Reifschneider resided with his father in that part of McCall's Manor which was subsequently included in Douglass Township, and here, about 1741-2, he married Susanna Hoffman (?).

William, their eldest son, was born 1744, Philip having before that date removed within the line of Bucks County, probably Miford Township, where, in 1746, his second son, Johannes, was born.

18 January, 1752, Philip Reifschneider obtained a warrant for a tract of land in Lower Saucon Township, then in Bucks County, but which was erected into Northampton County March 11th of the same year. The said tract of land, upon survey, was found to contain 163½ acres, the original warrant calling for a much less quantity, the addition being overplus, due to error in first survey.

Upon this tract Philip Reifschneider erected a substantial house and barns, and here he continued to reside during nearly all of the remainder of his life. His name appears upon the Lists of Taxables of Lower Saucon Township, Northampton County, 1762 (first tax roll extant for that county) and for subsequent years. In 1764 and other years he is rated at *over* 100 acres of land, of which about 50 acres are said to be under cultivation. He owned two horses, cattle and sheep.

William Reifschneider, eldest son of Philip, first appears upon the List of Taxables of Lower Saucon 1768-9, and the tax lists show that he lived with his father until 1782, and later, having been married some years before

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(about 1765 or earlier). In 1785 William Reifschneider (or Reiffschneider) removed to Durham Township, Bucks County, and is there taxed in 1787, and was in Williams Township, 1788; but soon after he went to Berks County, where he settled in the Township of Ruscomb-Manor, in which township he died, as will presently appear.

Philip Reifschneider lived, for a brief time, with his son William, in Durham Township, about 1789, but returned to Lower Saucon Township, Northampton County, where he died. The early records of Northampton County are very imperfect, and little information can be gleaned from them, but from those existing he appears to have been a man of substantial standing, and his real and personal property compares favorably with that of his neighbors.

In 1793, being at that time described as of Lower Saucon Township, in the County of Northampton, and State of Pennsylvania, by deed dated 16 March, 1793, acknowledged 30 March, 1793, and recorded 8 October, 1793, in Deed Book H-I, page 381, at Easton, Pennsylvania, the said Philip Reifschneider granted and conveyed to one Jacob Mast, of Lower Saucon, Weaver, in fee, for and in consideration of the sum of £300, and also "for other good causes, &c., him especially moving," the said plantation in Lower Saucon Township, Northampton County, Pennsylvania, consisting of one certain tract or piece of land situate as aforesaid and adjoining lands belonging late to Proprietary Manor, now Peter Leith, and to land belonging to Christopher Rauch, and land late William Deel (Diehl), now Widow Sterner, and to land belonging to Adam Romich, and to land belonging to Jacob Koch, and by land belonging to George Rust, and by land belonging to late Frederick Heimer, and now to George Darr, 163½ acres of land, be the same more or less, being the same premises which was, by a certain Proprietary Warrant, dated 18 January, 1752,

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granted and conveyed unto the said Philip Reifsnyder (Reifschneider) in fee.

As his wife, Susanna, does not join in the above cited deed, it might be inferred that she was then dead; but this is not certain, as many deeds were thus imperfectly drawn at this time and there may have been a separate release of dower. Moreover, I find that a Susanna Reifsnyder (Reifschneider), widow, apparently aged, died in this locality in September, 1817, and that letters of administration were granted upon her estate, 12 September, 1817, to Henry Jacoby. Philip Reifschneider died before 21 February, 1803. In 1803 William Reifschneider, of Ruscomb-Manor Township, in the County of Berks, only (surviving) son of Philip Reifsnyder, late of Lower Saucon Township, in the County of Northampton, deceased, by indenture 21 February, 1803, recorded at Easton, Pennsylvania, released unto Jacob Mast, of Lower Saucon, all of his right, title and interest (of the said William Reifschneider aforesaid) of, and in the estate of Philip, his father, by the following indenture:

Know All Men by these presents that I William Reifshneider of Roscamcanon township in the county of Berks in the State of Pennsylvania, one of the sons only son of Philip Reifshneider late of Lower Saucon township County of Northampton yeoman Deceased, Doth hereby acknowledge that I have this Day had and Received of Jacob Mast of Lower Saucon township County of Northampton aforesaid the sum of Fifty nine Pounds, 7 sh. 4½ pr. in full satisfaction and payment of all such sum or sums of money legacies and bequests coming and due to me out of (the estate of) my father Philip Reifsheider Deced. and all Interest thereupon and therefore I the said William Reifshneider for myself my Heirs executors administrators Do by these presents release acquit and forever discharge the said Jacob Mast his Heirs executors and administrators of and from all legacy or legacies and from all actions suits payments accounts reckonings claims and Demands whatsoever for or by reason thereof or of any other act matter cause or thing whatsoever from the Beginning of the World to the Day of

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the Date of these presents and especially of every demand whatsoever out of my fathers Estate.

In Witness Whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal this 21 Day of February Anno Domini, 1803.

William Reiffshneider LS.

In the presence of:—

Daniel Kliest
Frederic Mohr Junr.

Ack. 21 February, 1803.

Recorded 26 Sept., 1803, in Deed Book G. 2 553, Easton, Penna.

Children of Philip and Susanna Reifschneider:

1. William, b. 15 October, 1744; *of whom presently.*
2. Johannes, b., 1746; baptized at New Goshenhoppen Church, August 23, 1746; sponsor, Johannes Hoffman; died young.

III. **WILLIAM REIFFSCHNEIDER**, son of Philip[1] and Susanna, was born in Bucks County, Pennsylvania, 15 October, 1744;[2] died in Ruscomb-Manor Township, Berks County.[3]

He lived with his father in Lower Saucon Township, Northampton County, until when he removed to Durham Township, Bucks County, where he is taxed in 1787, and was in Williams Township, in the same county, 1788, but soon after removed to Ruscomb-Manor, where, perhaps, his uncle resided.

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[1] Deed Book G, 2, 553, Easton, Pennsylvania (Office of Recorder of Deeds).

[2] Family Bible of William Reiffschneider—"The Entire Holy Scripture, Translated by Dr. Martin Luther, with Explanations furnished by F. Battier and L. Gernier, with Privilege and Approbation. Basel, at the Brothers E. and F. R. Thurneysen, 1720." Title in German, of which above is a translation.

[3] See will, *infra.*

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William Reiffschneider was a man of considerable means. He was twice married; first to Susanna[1]———, and married, secondly, after 1788, Margaret ———, who survived him.

In the name of God Amen. I, William Reifschneider, of Roscommon Township, in the County of Berks and State of Pennsylvania, Yeoman, tho', being of sound mind, memory and understanding and considering the uncertainty of this transitory life, have thought fit to make this my last will and testament in manner following, that is to say, first, I recommend my soul into the hands of God and my body I recommend to the earth and, respecting the worldly estate and effects, wherewith it has pleased God to bless me, I dispose of them in the following manner, that is to say it is my will that my just debts and funeral expenses be paid by my executors hereinafter named, all my moveables and effects outstanding debts and further personal property are to be left in the hand of beloved wife Margareth, as long as she remains my widow, and until my youngest surviving child become of age; and it is likewise my will, that my said wife remain in full possion of my plantation untill she marries again, or the youngest child becomes of age, and in case my said wife does not marry again and the youngest child becomes of age, then my whole estate, real and personal shall or may be sold by my executor and shall be equally divided between my said wife and my youngest son, Joseph. But to the children of my first wife I give and bequit to any one of them, one dollar for his shear. Madlena, and Cadrine, and Mary, and Lisbat, Philip, Rachael and Jacob and John and Abraham and Mosis and Isick, every one shall have his Dollar out of my estate. But in case my widow, shall marry again, then and in such case my personal estate only is to be sold and my said widow is to receive her portion as the law Directs, and no more, and my real estate is to be sold only at that time aforementioned, viz., when my youngest son, Joseph, comes of age. And I herewith bequeath all my estate, and the remainder thereof unto my said youngest son Joseph, and to his heirs and assigns forever. And I do hereby nominate my beloved wife Margareth, executor of this my last will and testament; and likewise appoint my said wife Margareth Sole guardian of my son Joseph.

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[1] Family Bible cited.

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In witness whereof, I, William Reiffschneider the testator, have hereunto set my hand and seal the 28 day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ten.

WILLIAM REIFFSHNEIDER [LS.].

Signed, sealed, published and declared by William Reiffshneider the testator as and for his last Will and Testament in the presence of us, who, at his request and in the presence of each other have subscribed our names as witnesses thereto.

Johannes Schlegel.
Benjm. Parks.

Proved 28 September, 1819; at Reading.

Children of William and Susanna Reiffschneider:[1]

1. Magdalena, b. 2 May, 1767.
2. Katarina, b. 11 September, 1768.
3. Anna Maria, b. 21 March, 1770.
4. Elizabeth, b. 27 August, 1771.
5. Philip, b. 27 November, 1772.
6. Rachael, b. 24 November, 1774.
7. Jacob, b. 14 April, 1776.
8. Johannes, b. 23 December, 1778.
9. Abraham, b. 14 February, 1780.
10. Susanna, b. 4 May, 1782.
11. Moses, b. 4 September, 1785.
12. Isaac, b. 6 February, 1788; *of whom presently.*

Children of William and Margaret Reiffschneider:[2]

13. Joseph, b. 29 November, 1796.

IV. ISAAC REIFFSCHNEIDER, son of William and Susanna, born in Williams Township, Bucks County, 6 February, 1788;[3] died in Frederick Township, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, 23 October, 1866. Will dated 19 November, 1863; proved 28 November, 1866.[4] Buried at St. James Church, Limerick Centre.

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[1] Family Bible.
[2] Ibid.
[3] Ibid.
[4] Will Book 11, 481, Norristown.

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The Family Bible, which is the "Basle Bible," before mentioned, and which he left to his daughter, Melinda B., states that Isaac Reiffschneider was baptized (no date was given) and that his mother was sponsor; also that he was confirmed by Rev. John D. Faber, 1805. He removed from Ruscomb-Manor Township, Berks County, when his father died, to Upper Hanover Township, Montgomery County, where he was living 1815 to 1827.[1] In 1832 he was living in Limerick[2] and removed to Frederick Township, where he passed the remainder of his life. He was quite a large landholder in Montgomery County. Isaac Reiffschneider married, first, 30 December, 1810, Elizabeth, daughter of Henry Longacre[3] (alias Longenecker), of Limerick; she died 27 December, 1829;[4] buried at St. James Church, Limerick Centre; he married, secondly, 12 April, 1831,[5] Deborah Bitting, who died 28 May, 1863.[6]

Children of Isaac and Elizabeth Reiffschneider.

1. Caroline, m. Jonas Shoemaker.
2. Amelia, m. William Gilbert.
3. Ferdinand Longacre.
4. Israel Longacre, b. 8, 11, 1825; *of whom presently.*
5. Sarah, m. Albert Haldeman.
6. Lydia, m. Richard U. Saylor.
7. Magdelena, died young.

Children of Isaac and Deborah Reiffschneider.

8. Isaac J. B.
9. Melinda Bitting, m. Charles Fox.
10. Amanda Bitting, m. 1st, David Wood.

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[1] Deed of Record at Norristown.
[2] Ibid.
[3] Ibid.
[4] Family Bible.
[5] Ibid.
[6] Ibid. The order of births of children of Isaac may not be correct.

LONGACRE FAMILY. The Longacre Family in Pennsylvania originated with Daniel Longacre, who came from the town of Crefeld, Germany, his wife, being according to a family letter, named Klotz. He was a man of

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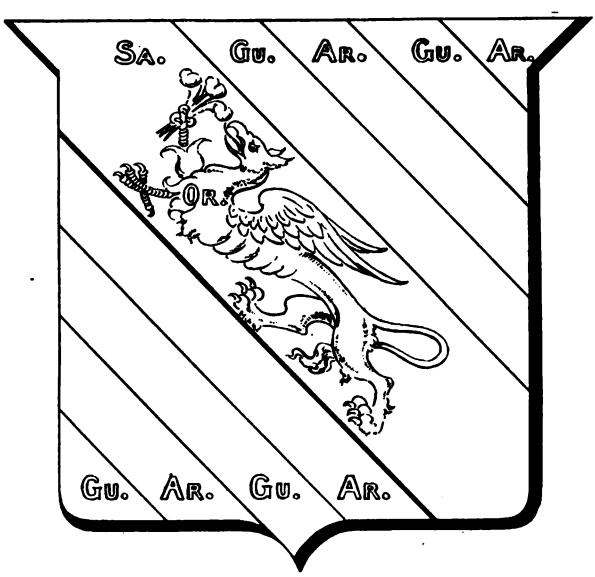

Longacre Arms.

From the original blazon in a manuscript volume preserved in Germany and compiled in the Seventeenth Century. The name was variously spelled: Longaker, Longenecker, Longacker and Longacre.

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V. ISRAEL LONGACRE REIFSNYDER, son of Isaac and Elizabeth (Longacre), born at Limerick Square, in Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, 11 August, 1825; died in Philadelphia, 8 April, 1892. He married Ellen, daughter of Amos Lewis Lukens (see *Lukens*). She was born at Prospectville, Montgomery County, 27 September, 1834.

Children of Israel and Ellen Reifsnyder:

1. Howard, b. 19 March, 1869; *of whom presently.*

VI. HOWARD REIFSNYDER, son of Israel L. and Ellen, born 19 March, 1869; married 4, 23, 1891, Hannah Gillam (*see Gillam*). She was born in Middletown Township, Bucks County, 21 March, 1869.

Children of Howard and Hannah Reifsnyder:

1. Howard, b. Philadelphia 19 February, 1892.
2. Henry Gillam, b. Philadelphia 6 January, 1895.

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considerable education, and a Mennonite Minister. He arrived in Pennsylvania about 1717, and had a son, David Longacre (together with sons Henry and John), who settled in Upper Providence, Philadelphia (now Montgomery) County, and died in 1776, leaving, by his wife, Barbara, a son, Henry Longacre, of Limerick Township, Montgomery County, whose daughter Elizabeth, born 18 February, 1791, married Isaac Reifsnyder. Her mother was Elizabeth Schell. The will of David Longacre, of Providence, was signed 2 January, 1776: proved 15 August, 1776 (Q. 332, Phila.). He had issue: David, Jacob, Henry (above mentioned), Peter, Daniel, Isaac, John, Mary, Magdelen. Barbara, wife of David Longacre, is supposed to have been sister of Jacob High.

The name is variously spelled Longacre, Longaker, Longenecker, etc. The first settlers signed their names Longacker and Longacre. See note under coat of arms.

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Lukens.

I. JAN LUCKEN,[1] the ancestor of the Lukens family in America, was born in Crefeld-on-the-Rhine, Germany, where his family had long occupied an honorable position, and came to Pennsylvania, via. England, in the ship "Concord," which cleared from London, 24 July, 1683, and arrived at Chester, on the Delaware River, October 6th, after a pleasant voyage of six weeks. Among the passengers on the "Concord" were Thones Kunders, William Streypers and Reynier Tyson, and twenty-nine others, all of whom settled together in Germantown, being the founders of that place. Before leaving Europe they had purchased, in Rotterdam, Holland, a considerable tract of land to be laid out to them in Pennsylvania, and Francis Daniel Pastorius, noted for his great learning, was one of the company, but had preceded the "Concord" in order to perfect arrangements for the enterprise with William Penn.

Jan Lucken appears to have prospered greatly in the New World, for he added considerably to his original allotment of land, and, in 1709, he acquired a plantation of 500 acres in Towamencin Township, Philadelphia County. He was chosen Constable for the corporation of Germantown, 1691; Burgess, 1694; Sheriff, 1695, and Bailiff, 1702 and 1704, which would indicate that he was a man of considerable education and much trusted by his fellow-countrymen. The family had belonged to the Mennonite Church, as appears by a copy of the first Bible printed by the Mennonites on the press of Peter Sebastion, in 1598, which was brought by Jan Lucken to Pennsylvania, and which is still preserved in the family. Almost

[1]He spells his name *Luckens* in signature to will.

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all of these Germantown families, however, became Friends, either immediately before or just after *their arrival here.* He married, about 1683, Mary, sister of his neighbor, Reynier Tyson (who died 1742), and died at Germantown before 24 January, 1744.

Children of Jan and Mary Lucken:

1. Elizabeth, b. 1684; d. y.
2. Elase, b. 1686; m. 5, 29, 1706, John Conrad.
3. William, b. 12, 22, 1688; *of whom presently.*
4. Sarah, b. 1689; d. y.
5. John, b. 1691; m. 12, 25, 1711, Margaret Custard.
6. Mary, b. 1693; m. 1712, John Janett.
7. Peter, b. 1, 30, 1696; m. 10, 29, 1713, Gainor Evans
8. Hannah, b. 1698; m. 1716, Samuel Pastorius.
9. Mathias, b. 1700; m. 1721, Ann Johnson.
10. Abraham, b. 1703; m. first, Elizabeth; m. secondly, 1729, Mary Maule.
11. Joseph, b. 1705; m. 7, 30, 1728, Susanna Maule.

II. **William Lucken,**[1] son of Jan and Mary, born 12, 22, 1688; died 1739; was of Germantown. He married, 9, 27, 1710, Elizabeth (b. 8, 7, 1690; died 2, 16, 1765, daughter of Reynier and Ellin Tyson (see *Tyson*). The will of William Lukens was proved at Philadelphia, 26 February, 1739-40 (Will Book F, 152).

Children of William and Elizabeth Lucken:

1. William; *of whom presently.*
2. John.
3. Mary.
4. Sarah.
5. Reinear.
6. Matthew.
7. Jacob.
8. Elizabeth.
9. Joseph, b. 9, 3, 1735.

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[1] He spells his name *Lucken* in signature to will.

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III. WILLIAM LUKENS, son of William and Elizabeth (Lucken), died April, 1803. He was of Horsham, Philadelphia (now Montgomery) County, and married, first, Martha Pennington, who died 1750; he married, secondly, 1752-3, her cousin, Elizabeth, daughter of Daniel Pennington, and for that reason was disowned from the Abington Meeting, but was reinstated. Daniel Pennington was of Bucks County, where he died 1782 (will proved 14 December, 1782), having married, 7, 28, 1724, Elizabeth, daughter of John and Sarah Michener, of Philadelphia. The will of William Lukens was proved 28 April, 1803.[1]

Children of William and Martha Lukens:

1. William, b. 1742.
2. Thomas, b. 1744.
3. Elizabeth, b. 1746; d. infant.
4. Elizabeth, b. 1748.

Children of William and Elizabeth Lukens:[2]

5. Jonathan, b. 1752; m. Mary Conrad.
6. David, b. 10, 7, 1753; *of whom presently.*
7. Jacob, b. 1756.
8. Thomas, b. 2, 20, 1758; m. Jane Parry.
9. Daniel.
10. Benjamin.
11. Joseph.
12. Elizabeth.
13. William, b. 1768; d. 7, 25, 1854.
14. Sarah.
15. Catharine.
16. Mary.
17. Martha.
18. Rachel.

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[1] Will Book 2, 309, Norristown, Pa.

[2] The order of birth of these children may not be correct.

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IV. DAVID LUKENS, son of William and Elizabeth, born 10, 7, 1753;[1] died 10, 1831. Private, Captain Marpole's Company, Phila. Co. Milita (First Battalion) in service of United States (Continental Army) 1780. (See Penna. in Revolution (3) associators and militia I, 721, associators and militia (3) I, 135, Penna. Archives, XIII, Depreciation Pay Accounts, Penna.). He married, 12, 20, 1776,[2] Sarah, daughter of Samuel Lloyd (see *Lloyd*). She was born 1755; died 2, 20, 1824.

Children of David and Sarah Lukens:

1. Elizabeth, b. 9, 22, 1777.
2. Samuel Lloyd, b. 1, 14, 1779.
3. Edith, b. 4, 30, 1781.
4. David, b. 3, 23, 1783.
5. Jesse, b. 7, 1, 1784; *of whom presently.*
6. Charles, b. 8, 1, 1786.
7. Jonathan, b. 5, 10, 1788.
8. Sarah, b. 3, 15, 1791.
9. David, b. 3, 10, 1793.
10. Solomon, b. 6, 15, 1795.
11. Martha, b. 12, 9, 1796.

V. JESSE LUKENS,[3] son of David and Sarah, born 7, 1, 1784; died 6, 2, 1822. He was of Upper Dublin, where he was buried, and married Eleanor, daughter of Amos Lewis, of Upper Dublin. She was born 6, 21, 1785; died 4, 24, 1876[4] (*see Lewis*).

Children of Jesse and Eleanor Lukens:

1. Amos, b. 7, 24, 1805; *of whom presently.*
2. Israel, b. 11, 27, 1810; m. Susan Jones.
3. Rachel, b. 3, 13, 1813; d. unm.
4. David L., b. 1, 2, 1817; unm.

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[1] Abington Friends' Records, 353.
[2] Will of David Lukens proved 1831. Will Book K, 80, Norristown.
[3] Gwynedd Friends' Records. Lukens Family Bible.
[4] Will Book 14, 418, Norristown, Pa.

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VI. **AMOS LEWIS LUKENS,**[1] son of Jesse and Eleanor, was born in Upper Dublin, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, 7, 24, 1805; died 9, 6, 1871. He married, 11, 11, 1829, Aseneth, daughter of Samuel Conrad (*see Conrad*). She died 12, 9, 1881, and was a member of the Green Street Meeting.

Children of Amos and Aseneth Lukens:

1. Angelina, b. 10, 27, 1830; d. 3, 9, 1837.
2. Courtlandt, b. 9, 3, 1832; m. Mary Teas.
3. Ellen, b. 9, 27, 1834; m. Israel L. Reifsnyder.
4. Jane Jones, b. 10, 20, 1836; m. Barclay Walton.
5. Ephraim Conrad, b. 11, 7, 1840; m. 1st, Anna Briscoe; 2d, Alada B. Ely.
6. Jesse, b. 1, 20, 1842; m. Elizabeth Ann Seeds.
7. Sarah, b. 10, 6, 1845; d. 8, 11, 1848.
8. Samuel Conrad, b. 11, 24, 1848; m. Adele C. Ely.
9. David L., b. 12, 1, 1851; m. Phoebe S. Mullin.

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[1] Horsham Friends' Records, 21 (No. 656). Will Book 5, 344. Horsham Friends' Records, 6.

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Lloyd.

I. THOMAS LLOYD, of the Manor of Moreland, Philadelphia County, was born 3, 8, 1699; died, 12, 29, 1781.[1] He married Mary, daughter of Adam and Grace Harker, of Middletown, Bucks County. She was born 8, 6, 1700; died 6, 22, 1790.[2] Adam Harker removed from Leburne, Yorkshire, England, to Pennsylvania, in 1699, bringing a Certificate from Friends' Meeting of Richland, at Leburne, dated 12, 10, 1698.[3]

Adam Harker was a man of considerable education, and in his will, proved December 5, 1754, left money for free schools in Wrightstown, Buckingham and Middletown, Bucks County. The will of Thomas Lloyd was proved 4 February, 1782.[4]

Children of Thomas and Mary Lloyd:[5]

1. John, b. 1725; d. 8, 30, 1760.
2. Thomas, b. 1727.
3. Adam, b. 1728.
4. Samuel, b. 10, 8, 1729; *of whom presently.*
5. Evan, b. 1731.
6. Adam, b. 1733.
7. Mary, b. 1737.
8. James, b. 1738.
9. David, b. 1741.

II. SAMUEL LLOYD, of the Manor of Moreland, son of Thomas and Mary, born 10, 8, 1729; died

[1] Abington Friends' Records, 354. Horsham Friends' Records, 397.
[2] Horsham Friends' Records, 168.
[3] Damson Family, 422, 423.
[4] Phila. Wills, S, 62.
[5] Abington Friends' Records, 354.

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9, 2, 1779; buried at Horsham.[1] He married, 6, 12, 1753, Sarah,[2] daughter[3] of Job and Agnes Walton,[4] of Byberry, Philadelphia County.

Sarah Lloyd died 7, 8, 1804.[5]

Children of Samuel and Sarah Lloyd:

1. *Sarah*, b. 1755; m. **David Lukens**.
2. **Martha.**
3. **Samuel.**
4. **William.**
5. **Elijah.**

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[1] Horsham Friends' Records, 396.

[1] Abington Records, 66.

[3] Phila. Wills, Q, 506.

[4] Job Walton, of Byberry, who died 4, 16, 1784, was son of William Walton, of Byberry, and Sarah Howell, his wife, who were married 4, 24, 1689. William died 12, 9, 1736-7. Job Walton married Agnes, daughter of William Walmsley, by Mary, daughter of William Paxon, one of the most prominent settlers of Bucks County, who served many years in the Provincial Assembly and held other offices of trust under the Provincial Government (*see Paxon* and *Walton* Families, *Infra*). William Paxon died 10 October, 1709. Thomas Walmsley was son of Thomas Walmsley, of England and Pennsylvania.

[5] Abington Friends' Records, 406.

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Lewis.

I. ELLIS LEWIS,[1] the first of this family in Upper Dublin, was of Welsh ancestry, and came from Merion, Philadelphia County. He purchased the property which, in 1896, was Wilmer Atkinson's farm "Northview," formerly John L. Jones', and the adjoining farm belonging to Mr. McCallum, formerly David L. Lukens. Ellis Lewis died 1753,[2] but his wife, Ann, survived him until 1756.

Children of Ellis and Ann Lewis:

1. Elizabeth, m. William Spencer.
2. Lewis, m. Ann Lord.
3. Jane, m. Amos Lewis, of Gwynedd.
4. Ellis, b. 9, 26, 1708; *of whom presently.*

II. ELLIS LEWIS, son of Ellis and Ann, was born 9, 26, 1708; died 1783. He married, at Abington Meeting, Mary,[3] daughter of Mathias Tyson. She was born 3, 25, 1710; died 1, 17, 1763. Mathias Tyson, born 6, 30, 1686; died 1728, was son of Reiner or Rynier Tyson, who was born in Crefeld-on-the-Rhine, Germany, and came to Pennsylvania on the "Concord" in 1683, settling in Germantown, near Philadelphia, where he had a good estate. He was one of the leading Friends in Germantown, and was Burgess 1692-1696; Bailiff, 1692-1693; He died 7, 27, 1745. The name of his wife is not known. Mathias Tyson married, 1708, Mary, daughter of John Potts, of Llandloes, Wales. Mary, first wife of Ellis Lewis, died 1, 17, 1763,[4] and he married, secondly, 12, 18,

[1] Hist. Colls. Gwynedd, Jenkins, 300, 415.
[2] Phila. Wills, K, 108.
[3] Abington Friends' Records, 21.
[4] Hist. Colls. Gwynedd, Jenkins.

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1764, Ellen Evans, daughter of John Evans, of Gwynedd. She was born 11, 21, 1722, and survives her husband.[1] No issue by second wife.

Children of Ellis and Mary Lewis:

1. Ellis, b. 1730; d. 1759.
2. Mary, b. 1731; m. Ezekiel Cleaver.
3. Matthew, b. 1733; d. 1746; buried at Horsham.
4. Ann, b. 1735; m. John Saunders.
5. Elizabeth, b. 1737; d. 1745.
6. Sarah, b. 1739; d. 1742.
7. John, b. 1741; d. 1745.
8. Sarah, b. 1743; d. 1745.
9. Elizabeth, b. 1745; d. young.
10. John, b. 1747.
11. Amos, b. 7, 25, 1751; *of whom presently.*

III. **AMOS LEWIS**, youngest child, born 7, 25, 1751; died at Upper Dublin, October, 1821. His will, signed 10, 9, 1821, was proved at Norristown, 26 October, 1821.[2] He mentions his daughter, Ellin Lukens; daughter, Jane Jones, and sister-in-law, Mary Hubbs; also his four grandchildren: Amos L. Lukens (lame), Israel, David and Rachael Lukens. "Ellin and her husband, and Jesse Lukens, my son-in-law," are to be executors.

He married, first, 1781, Ellen, daughter of John Hubbs and Jane Evans, his wife; they had one daughter, Jane, who married Henry Jones, and, secondly, 1785, her sister, Rachel Hubbs (see *Evans*).

Children of Amos and Ellen Lewis:

1. Jane, m. Henry Jones.

Children of Amos and Rachel Lewis (second wife):

2. Eleanor, m. Jesse Lukens.

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[1] Ibid.

[2] Will Book 5, 344, Norristown, Pa.

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Evans.

I. TRAHAIRN GÔCH AP MADOC, described as of Llyn, in Caernarvonshire, was descended from the Princes of South Wales, being a grandson of Rhys Glôff.[1] He appears in ministers' accounts as father to David Gôch, and he died prior to 18th Edward II [1325]. He held the lands of Penllech, in Cymytmaen, in Llyn, and also Graianog, besides other lands in Caernarvonshire. Owing to his possessions in the Cantref Llyn he acquired the title "O Llyn." He married Gwenervyl, daughter of Madog ap Meurig, descended from Elystan Glodrydd, Lord of Fferyllwg. Trahairn Gôch had issue by Gwenervyl, his wife:

II. DAVID GÔCH, eldest son. His lands included part of Penllech, with parts of the Mills of Bodwda, Newith and Vagheys, in Cymytmaen;[2] the lands of Graianog also fell to his share.

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[1] Rhys Glôff (the lame), called also Rhys (Res) Wendout (or Wendot) and Res Vychan (Wachan), who was Lord of Dynevor and Llandeilo Vawr and of Ystrad Tywi, called also Lord of Cymytmaen, was descended from Rhys ap Gruffydd, Prince of South Wales, being the son of Rhys Vychan (summoned by Henry, 6 January, 1245, as a Baron of South Wales, did homage August, same year; died at Dynevor, 7 August, 1271), son of Rhys Mechyllt, of Dynevor (died 1244), son of Rhys Grûg (died 1233), son of Rhys ap Griffith, above-named, called the "Lord Rhys," created Lord Chief Justice of South Wales by Henry I, founded many abbeys and churches, among others the Cistercian Abbey of Strata Florida (Ystrad Ffiur) 1164, died of the plague 21 April, 1197. His monument remains in St. Davids.

Rhys Glôff, above-named, joined Prince Llewelyn in his last stand against English oppression, but after Llewelyn was slain at Builth he surrendered, the next year, 1283, to the Earl of Hereford, and was sent in irons to England, where, shortly after, he died in the Tower of London at a very advanced age. He married Gwervyl, daughter of Maelgwm ap Cadwallon, Lord of Melenith, which Maelgwm was hanged by John, King of England, 1212, at Bridgenorth—Gwervyl being then a child. (Dwnn, Yorke, Hist. of the Princes of South Wales. Rymer's Faedera, Rot. Pat. 30 Hen., III memb. 2; Giraldus.)

[2] Records of Caernarvon.

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David Gôch was besides lessee of certain crown lands in Caernarvonshire.

In an ancient MS., preserved at Rûg, in Merionethshire (Harl. MS., 1974), consisting of transcripts of ministers' accounts, etc., relating to Wales, he appears under the designation of "**Dafydd Gôch ap Trahaern,**" as "firmar man. ii Neugolf," *i. e.*, lessee of the manor of Neugolf, in the hundred of Cymytmaen, 18th of Edward II (1325), and was living on Friday, 9 November, 1329.

He married Maud,[1] daughter of David Lloyd, ap Cynveloc, ap Llewelyn. According to the Visitations of the Herald, Lewis Dwnn and other MS., the latter was a son of Prince David, ap Llewelyn the Great. Prince David's mother was the Princess Joanna, illegitimate daughter of John, King of England, by Agatha, daughter of the Earl of Derby.

David Lloyd's wife was Anne, daughter of Gwrgen, "Y gwyn Lloyd, of Rhiwaedog," ap Madog, ap Rhirid Flaidd, Lord of Penllyn. David Gôch had by Maud, his wife:

III. **IEVAN GÔCH**, who held large possessions in Caernarvonshire.

Ievan Gôch was the second man on the jury for taking the extent of the hundred of Cymytmaen, at Nevyn, on the next Thursday after the Festival of St. James the Apostle, 26th Edward III (1352).

He is described as of Penllech and Graianog; he resided near the former ville and within the bounds of the present parish of that name, but it cannot be ascertained that on the division of his father's lands, according to the custom of "gavel-kind," any great portion of David Gôch's possessions there fell to his share.

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[1] Dwnn II, 175.

[1] Records of Caernarvon. A

[2] Records of Caernarvon, Ad Walliam Spectantis, 26 Edw. III, E codice MS. to Harl. 696 et 4776.

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He was, in 1352, second owner of "Wele," "Res ap Seisilth," in the ville of Bodreeth; he had a part of the Mills of Bodwrda, Newith and Vagheys, and was one of the heirs to the ville Tyndowet. He was also heir to his father in two farms in the ville of Nouum Burgum near to the hamlet of Merghlyn; and also to "Gavel David Gôch."

Ievan Gôch married Eva, daughter of Einion ap Celynin, of Llwydiarth, Montgomeryshire. This Einion, under the designation of "Anian ap Celynin," had a grant from John de Charleton, Lord Powis, of Weston, in Pennayrth, in Glasmeynoc, on the Thursday after the decollation of St. John the Baptist, 14th Edward III (1340).[1]

Ievan Gôch had, by Eva, his wife:

IV. MADOC AP IEVAN GÔCH, of Penllech,[2] a younger son, who was born at Penllech. He is described in one MS. pedigree as "*Madg Ap Ievan Gôch O Penllech, hynau gwyr yr Ysbty*" (*i. e.*, ancestor to the gentlemen of Ysputty-Ievan) in Denbighshire,[3] in which place his descendants lived.

Some idea of the time in which Madoc lived may be gathered from the fact that his brother-in-law, Meredydd, of Evionyd, was Lord of Gest, 6 Richard II; that his uncle, Llewelyn ap Einion, of Llwydiarth, was living 7 Henry V, and that his sister's will was proved 1416.[4] Dwnn does not give the name of his wife, and only mentions one son, viz.:

V. DEIKWS DDU AP MADOC,[4] of Ysputty-Ievan, who was born *circa* 1395. He married Gwen, daughter of Ievan Ddu ap Meirig ap Madog ap Gwillim

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[1] Montg. Coll., Vol. V, 399, &c.
[2] Dwnn II, 278-9.
[3] MS. Rowland E. Evans. Note to Dwnn.
[4] Dwnn's Visitations II, 278-9.

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ap Madog Vychan ap Madog ap Maelog Crwm,[1] Lord of Llechwedd Issaf.[2]

Only one son is mentioned, viz.:

VI. EINION AP DEIKWS DDU, of Ysputty-Ievan, who died before the year 1514. His second cousin, David Vaughan, of Penllech, is mentioned in ministers' accounts, 1481, as living that year.

Einion married[3] Morvydd, daughter of Matw ap Llowarch ap Gwyn ap Llewelyn ap Meredydd ap Llewelyn ap Llowarch ap Urien ap Tegwored ap Rotpert ap Asser ap Meredydd Gôch, of Llyn, son of Collwyn ap Tangno, Lord of Llyn, and had by her:

VII. HOWELL AP EINION, who was of Ysputty-Ievan, and was living 6 Henry VIII (1514).[4] He married Mali (Mary), daughter of Llewelyn ap Ievan[5] ap Iolyn ap Cynwrig ap Llowarch ap Cynddelw ap Ithel Velyn ap Llewelyn Eurdorchog, of Ial, in Flintshire,[6] by Dyddgu, daughter of Einion Lydan, and had by her:

VIII. GRIFFITH AP HOWELL AP EINION, of Ysputty-Ievan, born *circa* 1480 to 1500. He married Gwenllian, daughter of Einion ap Ievan Lloyd, ap Madoc ap Ierwerth ap Llewelyn Chwith, ap Cynwrig, ap Bleddyn Lloyd of Havod Un Nos in the parish of Llangerniw in the Lordship of Rhuvoniog, ap Bleddyn Vychan, ap Bleddyn apy Gwrn ap Rhaiad Vach, descended from Hedd Molwynog, 9th Noble Tribe of Wales. The

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[1] Dwynn's Visitations, II, 278-9.

[2] "Lyfe William Cynwal."

[3] Dwnn, II, 278-9.

[4] MS. R. E. Evans.

[5] Dwnn II, 278-9.

[6] Llewelyn Eurdorchog was the son of Coel, ap Gweryd ap Cynddelw ap Elgud ap Gwrisnadd ap Dwyng ap Llythyraur ap Tegawg ap Dyforfrath ap Madog ap Sanddef Bryd Angel ap Lywarch Hên, Prince of the Strath Clyde Britons, and so to Brute, the first King to the Island of Britain.

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mother of Gwenllian was Gwenhwyfar, daughter of Gronwy ap David, ap Griffith ap Griffith Gethin ap Cynwrig ap Gronwy ap Ierwerth ap Casswallon ap Hwva ap Ithel Velyn ap Llewelyn Awdorchog. The mother of Gwenhwyfar was Anne, daughter of Griffith ap Llewelyn ap Ievan ap Rhys Gethin ap Griffith Vychan ap Griffith ap David Gôch, Lord of Penmanchno, Caernarvonshire. This David Gôch was the son of David ap Griffith, Prince of Wales, who was executed, 1282, by Edward I., King of England, for high treason, being hanged, drawn and quartered.

David Gôch married Angharad, daughter of Heilin ap Sir Tudor, Knt., of Nant and Llangynhafel, whose wife was descended from the Norman family of Clare, and also from Robert Fitz Roy, Earl of Gloucester, illegitimate son of Henry I., King of England.

Rhys ap Ievan, ap Llewelyn Chwith, a brother of Iorwerth ap Ievan above mentioned, and probably also Iorwerth, was Esquire to the body of Edward IV., and "was very unruly in the Lancasterian wars." Griffith ap Howell had, by Gwenllian, his wife:

IX. LEWIS AP GRIFFITH, third son, who was born *circa* 1525; and was of Ysputty-Ievan, died prior to 1601.

He married Ellen, daughter of Edward ap Evan, Esquire, of Llanwddyn Parish, Montgomeryshire, who was son of Evan ap Tudor ap Deio ap Evan Ddu. The wife of Edward ap Evan was Catharine, daughter of Griffith ap Llewelyn ap Einion, son of David ap Evan ap Einion, the celebrated Constable of Harlech Castle, whose wife, Margaret Puleston, was a descendant of Edward I.

The mother of Edward ap Evan was Morvydd, daughter of Evan ap Morris; her mother being

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Gwenhwyfr, daughter of Griffith ap David. Lewis ap Griffith had, by Ellen, his wife:

X. ROBERT LEWIS, fourth son, of the parish of Ysputty-Ievan in Denbighshire, born *circa* 1555. He was the first of his family to remove to Merionethshire, where he settled upon a large farm on the Rhiwlas estate, near Bala, belonging to the Price family, who also came from Ysputty-Ievan. The Register of Llandderfel contains the following entry: "Robert Lowice 14th February Sepultuo, 1645." This would make him about ninety years old at the time of his death.

He married Gwervyl, daughter of Llewelyn ap David, of Llan Rwst, Denbigshire, descended from David Gôch, of Penmanchno, and had by her:

XI. EVAN ROBERT LEWIS,[1] fourth son, born *circa* 1585; died at Fron Gôch, in the parish of Llandderfel in the Comôt of Penllyn, Merionethshire, *circa* 1662.

One of the early manuscript pedigrees[1] of this family states that Evan Robert Lewis "removed from Rhiwlas to Fron Gôch." Rhiwlas is the estate of the Price family, who came from Ysputty-Ievan.

The farm called Fron Gôch is partly in the township of Ucheldref, in Llanfor Parish, and partly in Llandderfel. The farm of Fron Gôch has always paid tithes to both Llandderfel and Llanfor churches. Evan Robert Lewis married Jane, and had by her:

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[1]There are several manuscript pedigrees of this family extant, all of which have been added to, as to additional information concerning descendants, from time to time. Some of these manuscripts give the pedigree only as far back as Lewis ap Griffith, born *circa* 1525; others, compiled from an old pedigree brought from Wales, which was copied and much extended by the late Rowland E. Evans, give the line to Rhys ap Griffith, great-grandfather of Rhys Glôff.

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XII. EVAN AP EVAN,[1] of Fron Gôch, in the parish of Llandderfel, in Merionethshire, who died before 1698, and had five children, viz.: Thomas Evans, Robert Evans, Owen Evans, Cadwalader Evans, and Sarah Evans, who married Robert Pugh, who, in 1698, removed from Merionethshire, North Wales, to Pennsylvania, and settled at Gwynedd, in Philadelphia (now Montgomery) County. The youngest son was:

XIII. CADWALADER EVANS,[2] who, with his brothers and sister, removed to Pennsylvania in 1698, and settled at Gwynedd. He was born in Merionethshire, Wales, 1664; died at Gwynedd, 3, 30, 1745. He married, in Wales, Ellen, or Eleanor, daughter of John Morris, of Bryn Gwyn, Denbighshire. He was a preacher after joining the Society of Friends. A memorial of him says: "On First-days, particularly, he was ready an hour before the time appointed, and then read several chapters in the Bible or some religious book; as the time approached he would frequently observe the time of day, and, by means of such watchful care, he was seated in meetings one of the first.

"He received a gift in the ministery, in the exercise whereof he was generally led to speak of his own experience in religion and the Christian warfare; and his testimony, though short, was instructive, lively and manifestly attended with divine sweetness."

Of John Morris,[3] of Bryn Gwyn, little is known except that his wife was Eleanor, daughter and co-heiress of Ellis ap William, of Cai Fadog. Her descent was as

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[1] Evan ap Evan had several brothers, of whom Owen ap Evan, of Fron Gôch, married Gainor John, and had Robert Owen, who married Rebecca, daughter of Owen Humphrey, of Llwyndu, and removed to Pennsylvania in 1690. A daughter married Cadwalader Thomas ap Hugh and became ancestor of the Cadwalader family of Philadelphia.

[2] Hist. calls Gwynedd, Jenkins, 149.

[3] MS. Genealogy of Evans family, 1698.

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follows: Cadwgan, Lord of Nannau, had Madog, who had Einion, of Ciltalgarth (Kiltalgarth), who had Cadwgan, who had Madog, of Ciltalgarth, who had Ievan, surnamed "y Cott," who had Ievan Fychan, of Ciltalgarth, who had Madog, who had David, who had Thomas ap David, who had Hugh ap Thomas, of Ciltalgarth, who had William ap Hugh, of Ciltalgarth, who had Ellis Williams, of Cai Fadog, above named.

XIV. Children of Cadwalader and Ellen Evans:

1. John, b. 1689; *of whom presently.*
2. Sarah, m. 10, 11, 1711, John Hanke (*see Hanke*).

XIV. **JOHN EVANS**, son of Cadwalader and Ellen, was born in Merionethshire, 1689; died at Gwynedd, Pennsylvania, 9, 23, 1756; married, 4, 8, 1715, at Merion Meeting House, Merion, Eleanor (or Ellen), daughter of Rowland Ellis, then of Merion. She was born at Bryn Mawr, near Dôlgelly, Merionethshire, 1685; died 4, 29, 1765. "John Evans was a preacher of eminence among the Friends." His will, dated 9, 16, 1756, was proved 6, 22, 1757. He leaves to his daughter, Jane Hubbs, the life right, with remainder to her children, of a lot of 2½ acres, "part of the tract of 100 acres which I hold, to be laid out for her on the west side of Montgomery Road, adjoining George Maris' field." He gives his daughters, Margaret, Ellen and Elizabeth, 50 acres, "to be divided off the upper end, next Owen Evans' land." He mentions his sons, Rowland and John, and appoints them and his son, Cadwalader, executors.

XV. Children of John and Eleanor Evans:

1. Cadwalader, b. 1761; m. Jane Owen.
2. Rowland, b. 1717-18; m. Susanna Foulke.
3. Margaret, b. 5, 26, 1719; m. Anthony Williams.

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4. Jane, b. 1, 30, 1721; m. JOHN HUBBS, who had two sons, John and Charles, and three daughters, viz., Rachel, Ellen and Mary, of whom Ellen and Rachel married AMOS LEWIS (as first and second wife).
5. Ellen, b. 6, 11, 21, 1722; m. Ellis Lewis, widower.
6. John, b. 1724.
7. Elizabeth, b. 6, 26, 1726; d. unm.
8. John, b. 1730; d. 1707; m. Margaret Foulke.

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Ellis.

It is generally supposed that "Bryn Mawr," so well known as the name of a station on the main line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, was chosen at haphazard, because it had a pleasing sound and, above all, was Welsh. No place in Pennsylvania, however, could be more appropriately designated. It was selected because it had been the name originally given by Rowland Ellis to his plantation of some six hundred acres, afterward called "Harriton," in this immediate vicinity, and so called by him after his Welsh home. Along the rolling side of a steep ascent, less than a mile out on the winding road leading southward from the old market town of Dôlgelly, in Merionethshire, on the craggy hills is that ancient messuage, tenement and field, called "Tythyn Bryn Mawr." The little pointed-stone house on the site of the hendre of an early Welsh Prince, amid its deserted garden, broken-down stone walls and dilapidated out-buildings, now the abode of a poor mountaineer, was the birthplace of Rowland Ellis, and was built by his grandfather, Rees Lewis. The property seems to have been lately repaired; a new roof has been put on and the quaint old diamond-pane windows replaced by modern sashes. There was also formerly, it is thought, a portico over the doorway. The walls remain untouched and the interior is unchanged.

A Pennsylvanian who visited Bryn Mawr a few years since says that it is "a comfortable stone house; the floors are of stone; and it was built by Rees Lewis, grandfather of Rowland Ellis, A. D. 1617, as an inscription on one of the rafters tells. To the right of the house are the remains of an ancient garden which has seen better days. Its walls are gone, but there are traces of old paths,

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Home of Rowland Ellis, Bryn Mawr, near Dôlgelly, Merionethshire.

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while ancient box and venerable yew-trees tell of what has been." The title papers to this property are now in possession of Edward Griffith, Esq., of Springfield, near Dôlgelly, a descendant of Ann, eldest daughter of Rowland Ellis by his first wife. Amongst these old documents is the original marriage contract and settlement made upon the marriage of Ellis Price and Anne Humphrey, the parents of Rowland Ellis, in 1649. The parties to this settlement were: Humphrey (Humffrey) ap Hugh, of Llwyngwril, gentleman, father of Anne Humphrey, Rees Lewis ap John Griffith, of Dyffrydan, gentleman, father of Ellis Price, who was his second son, and Richard Nanney, of Llwyngwril, and David Ellis, of Gwanas, gentlemen, who were to act as trustees. Richard Nanney was cousin to Anne, his father, the Rector of Llangelynin having married one of the daughters of Hugh Gwyn, of Peniarth. David Ellis was brother-in-law to Rees Lewis, the latter having married his sister Catherine.

The witnesses to this document were: John ap William ap Humffrey, David John Hugh, Griffith ap Rees Lewis, Edward Vaughn and John ap Hugh. Rowland Ellis, born in 1650, was the only child of Ellis Price (alias ap Rees) and Anne Humphrey, and therefore inherited Bryn Mawr under this settlement and continued to live there until his permanent removal to Pennsylvania in 1696; when he sold the place to Lewis Owen, of Tyddyn y Garreg, his kinsman, to whom he was indebted.

The deed made by Rowland Ellis at this time for the property is in possession of Mr. Griffith, who also has the marriage settlement made by Rowland Ellis in 1696 on the marriage of his daughter, Ann, to Rev. Richard Johnston, an Episcopal Clergyman.

The descendants of Rowland Ellis in Pennsylvania possess several original papers which are of very considerable interest. One of these, now in the hands of Row-

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land Evans, Esquire, of Haverford Lower Merion, who is descended in the direct male line from Eleanor Ellis, daughter of Rowland, and the wife of John Evans, of Gwynedd, is the original manuscript pedigree of Rowland Ellis in his (Rowland Ellis's) own handwriting. This was certainly compiled prior to 1697, because the name of his daughter Catherine, born in that year, is not, apparently, in his hand, but has been added by another person. It is, therefore, fair to presume that the pedigree was made in Wales prior to his last voyage to Pennsylvania. A fac-simile of the old document is given as an illustration to this article.

Other records referred to in the compilation of this article were: Deed to him for his land in Pennsylvania, he being described therein as of "Brin Mawr, in the County of Merioneth, gentleman"; assignment, in trust, dated after 1717, he being then of Plymouth, Pennsylvania, gentleman, reciting transactions with Humphrey Owen, of Llwyndu (in Llwyngrill), and Lewis Owen, of Tyddyn y Garreg, concerning certain loans on bonds.

There are also several testimonials of him by Friends who knew him both in his native country and in Pennsylvania. Some of these are embodied in the sketch of his life which we mention in this article. The old pedigree above described having been found to agree in the essential points with the Herald's visitations, made out 1585-1601, and with parish registers and other documents remaining in Wales, it is a comparatively easy task for one versed in Welsh genealogy to give a detailed account of the ancestry of Rowland Ellis, who, as we have seen, was the son of Ellis Price, son of Rees ap Lewis ap John Griffith, of Nannau.

Tythyn Bryn Mawr, in Merionethshire, appears to have anciently formed a part of the Nannau Estate, which was the early possessions of Rowland Ellis's ancestors, many of whom lie buried in Dôlgelly Church.

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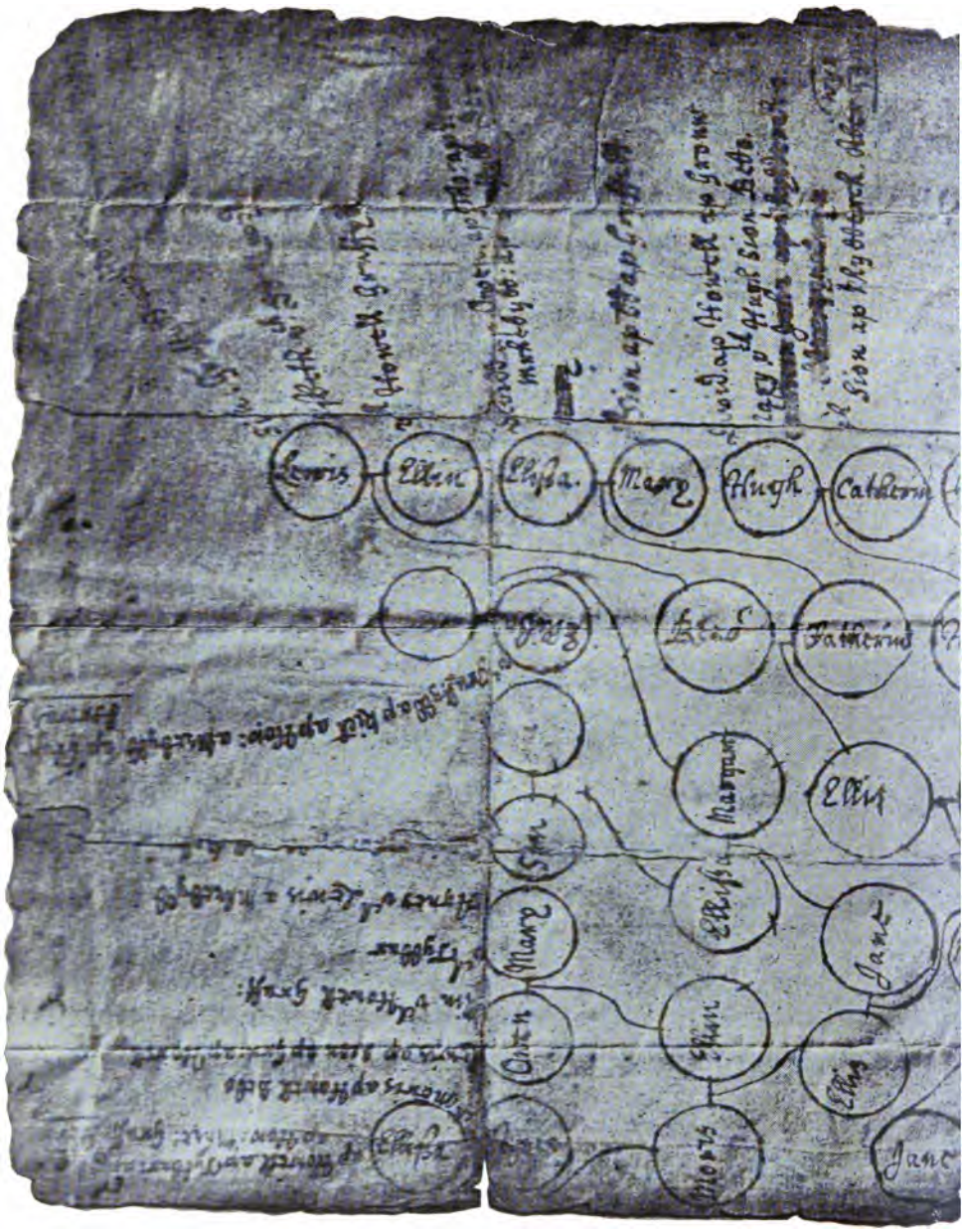

Pedigree of Rowland Ellis, in his own handwri

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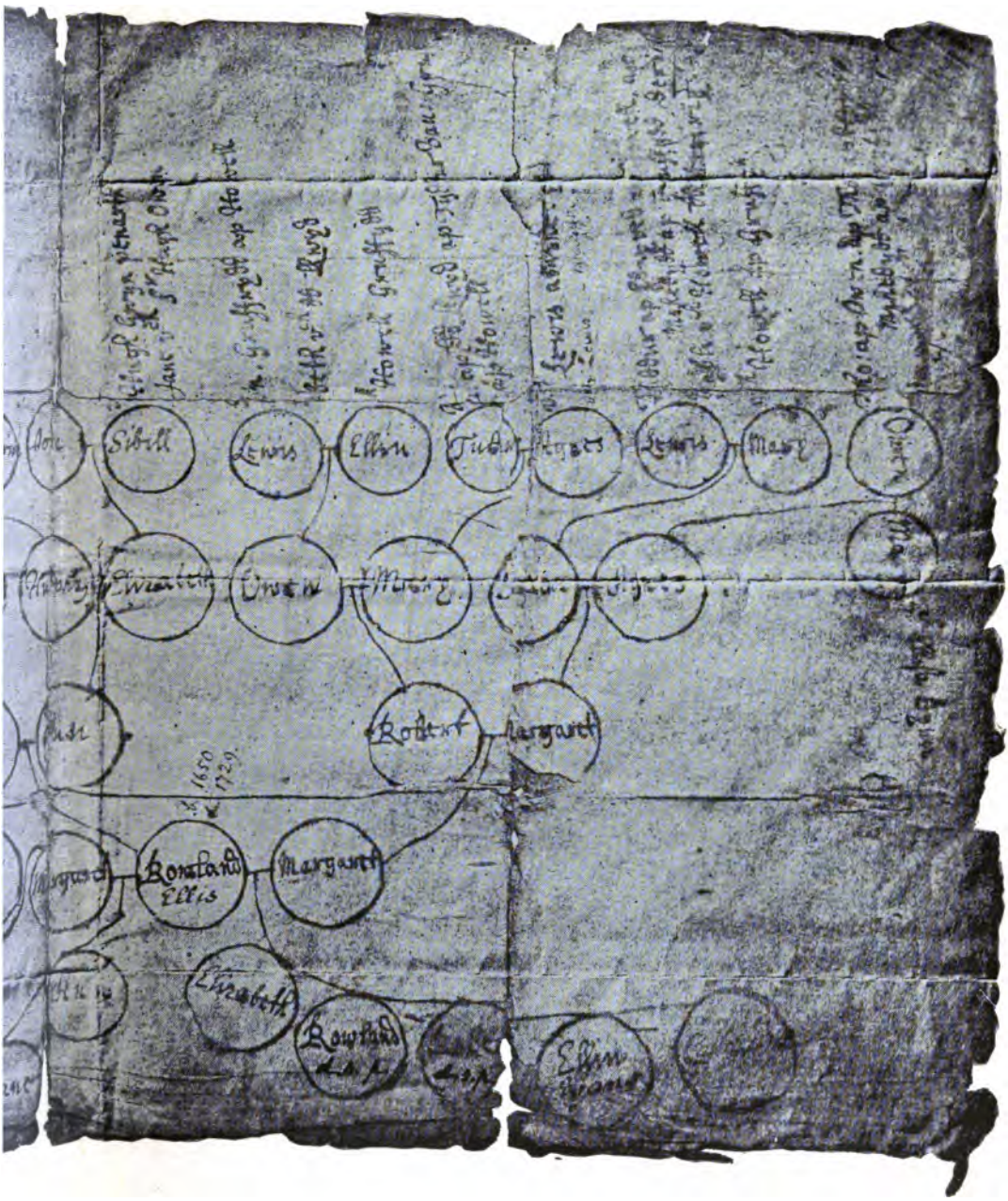

ıdwriting. **Original in possession of one of his descendants.**

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The family from whence Rowland Ellis sprang was of princely lineage, descending in the direct male line from Bleddyn, the son of Cynfyn, who was Prince of Powys, and was so imprudent as to get himself murdered by the amiable "gentlemen of Ystrad Tywy," in the year 1072. This Prince, in defiance of the advice of his countrymen, married Isabel, daughter of Picot de Say, a Norman Knight, and had by her a son called Cadwgan, "the renowned Briton," who, besides being Lord of Ystrad Tywy in Cardigan, was also Lord of Nannau, in Merionethshire.

Cadwgan also fell by the dagger of the assassin, and was succeeded, as Lord of Nannau, by a long line of notable descendants.

One of these early Lords of Nannau was Meuric ap Ynyr Vychan, who was living in the 21st year of Edw. III (1347-8). In the Parish Church of Dôlgelly is the tomb of this Lord. It is a sepulchral effigy in mail and plate armor, having a shield on his breast, on which is carved a lion, and the stone bears this inscription: "Hic Jacet Meuric Filius Ynyr Vachan." The effigy formerly stood in the aisle, but was afterward set in the wall under a memorial window of more recent date. Meuric[1] was succeeded by his son Meuric Lloyd, who was father to Howell, of Nannau, commonly called Howell Sele.

When Owen Glendower instituted his famous rebellion, Howell Sele (his cousin) refused to join, which enraged Owen to so great an extent that meeting him one day whilst hunting alone in Nannau Park, Owen having one attendant, Madog, they fell upon him and slew him, throwing his body into a great oak, hollow through age.

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[1]The father of this Meuric (Ynyr Vychan) appears to have been a very violent man even for the age in which he lived. In the Parliament of 15 and 16 Edward II (1322-3) he and others were charged with attacking, on the next Wednesday after the feast of St. Gregory, in the 15th of that king, the Castle of John de Grey, of Ruthen, setting fire to the town and killing two men.

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This Nannau oak was for centuries an object of superstitious dread to the peasantry of Merionethshire, and fell down on the 13th of July, 1813. Throughout Merionethshire it was known as the Spirit's Blasted Tree—"Conbren Yr Ellyll." The vassals of Nannau, and Howell Sele's family were filled with alarm at his disappearance, but inquiries and searches gave no information of his whereabouts.

After Glendower's death, however, on a dark evening in November, an armed horseman was observed riding furiously up the hill which leads from Dôlgelly to Nannau; it was Madog, who, after the death of Glendower, hastened to fulfill his master's last command and unravel the horrid mystery. He told his story and referred to the oak for confirmation.

The tree was cut into and Howell's body discovered, grasping with his right hand his rusty sword. The remains were removed to the neighboring monastery of Cymmer, where they were interred. After the oak fell the wood was made into a variety of utensils, and many engravings of the tree, framed with its wood, are to be found in Dôlgelly.

The story has been woven into a very fine ballad by Mr. Warrington, printed in the notes to *Marmion*, by Scott.

The brave but unfortunate Howell had married Mali, daughter of Einion ap Griffith, of Cors y Gedol, and had a son Meuric Vychan, of Nannau, who, together with his uncle, Griffith Derwas, is named among the heirs of a "Wele," of free land, in the township of Nannau, in an extent of Merionethshire taken 7 Henry V, 1419-20, and the "farm," of the mill of Llan Vachreth was granted to both at Michaelmas, 35 Henry VI, for four years. Meuric, of Nannau, was foreman of the jury at Caernarvon, 1444, and was living, a very aged man, 2 Henry VII, 1486. He married Angharad, daughter of David ap

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Bryn Mawr, Merion, Pennsylvania.

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Cadwgan, descended from Elystan Glodrydd, and had a son, called David ap Meuric Vychan, of Nannau, who, having married Ellen, daughter of Howell ap Rhys ap David, descended from Owen Brogyntyn, had a son, Howell ap David, of Nannau, whose name appears in a roll of accounts for Merionethshire ending at Michaelmas, 2 Henry VIII (1510), as surety for William ap Jenkin ap Iorwerth, "farmer" of the mills of Llanvachreth and Llanegryn. Howell married Ellin, daughter unto Robert Salisbury, of Llanrwst, son of Thomas Salisbury, descended from Sir Henry, a Knight of the Holy Sepulchre, and had issue: Griffith ap Howell, of Nannau, who was living 33 Henry VIII, 1541-2. He married Jane, daughter of Humphrey ap Howell, ap Ievan, of Ynys-y-maen-gwyn; her mother being Anne, daughter of Sir Richard Herbert, Knight of Colebrook. Griffith had two sons: Hugh, who was living 1588, and John ap Griffith, who married Elizabeth, daughter of David Lloyd, of Trawsvynydd, and had three children: Ellen, Jane and Lewis. Lewis was father to Rees Lewis, living 1649, who had Ellis ap Reese, living 1678 (alias Ellis Price), who married, 1649-50, Ann, daughter of Humphrey ap Hugh, of Llwyngwrill, and was father to Rowland Ellis, born 1650.

A memorial of Rowland Ellis says:

"Rowland Ellis was a man of note in the neighborhood in which he resided and had a competent estate. In the year 1686, the subject of a removal to Pennsylvania pressing on his mind, he concluded to visit the province and make such arrangements as might be best for the accommodation of his family when the time should fully come for transporting them there." He sailed from Milford Haven 16th of 8th month, 1686, bringing with him his eldest son, Rowland. The ship was twenty-four weeks reaching Philadelphia, arriving, after a great deal of suffering, about the beginning of the second month, 1687. He remained about nine months, when he re-

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turned to Wales, leaving his son with his nephew, John Humphrey. He did not return to Pennsylvania until 1697, when he brought his entire family, except Ann, who had married Rev. Johnson, Rector of Dôlgelly. He settled at Bryn Mawr, but, having sold that plantation, removed to Plymouth, and died at the house of his son-in-law, John Evans, of Gwynedd, 7th month, 1731. He was a member of Assembly 1700, and was a Justice of the Peace. Rowland Ellis married, first, Margaret, daughter and heiress of Ellis Morris, of Dolgnn; and secondly, Margaret, daughter of Robert ap Owen ap Lewis, of Dyffryddan, his cousin, who died 1730.

Children of Rowland Ellis and Margaret, his first wife:

1. Ann, m. Richard Johnson, Curate of Dôlgelly.
2. Jane.

Children of Rowland Ellis and Margaret, his second wife:

1. Elizabeth, d. unm.
2. Rowland Ellis, Jr.
3. Robert Ellis.
4. Ellin,[1] m John Evans, of GWYNEDD.
5. Catharine, d. unm.

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[1]Called Eleanor in some records.

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Dôlgelly Church, Merionethshire.

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Humphreys.

I. LLEWELYN AP TUDOR[1] (descended from Ednowain ap Bradwen), Lord of the Comôt or Hundred of Talybont, Merionethshire; he did homage to Edward I, 1283, with the Lords and gentry of Wales for his lands in Talybont, and died before 9 August 1343.[2] At the time of doing homage he produced his pedigree, with other evidences of his title to his lands, before the king's Commissioners.

This pedigree was afterwards recorded by one David, scrivener to Iorwerth ap Llewelyn ap Tudor, his son, in a book appertaining to the Talybont and Estimaner estates from whence it was copied by William Lleyn, the Bard.[3] The children of Llewelyn ap Tudor divided their father's lands between them.

Issue:

1. Iorwerth ap Llewelyn, living temp. Edward I. His scrivener, David, recorded the pedigee of his father, Llewelyn ap Tudor, in a book of accounts relating to the estates.

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[1]Dwnn, I, 253, &c. Hist. Powys Fadog, V, 101-102. Yorke, 207.

[2]He was probably dead long before this date, at which time his grandson was seized of a part of his estate, and he is mentioned in an Inquisition, taken 1419, as formerly owner of a farm in Llangelynin bearing his name, "Wele Llewelyn ap Tudor," and then the property of a number of his descendants, who had parcelled it between them according to the custom of Gavel-kind.

[3]Yorke, 207. The pedigree of Llewelyn ap Tudor, as recorded by David, scrivener to his son Iorwerth ap Llewelyn, is as follows: Llewelyn ap Tudor ap Gwyn ap Peredwr ap Goronwy ap Adda ap David Gôch ap Griffith ap Ednowain ap Bradwen ap Mael ap Bleddyn ap Morudd ap Cynddelw ap Cyfnerth ap Cadifor ap Run ap Mergynawc ap Cynfawr ap Hefan ap Cadifor ap Maeldaf hynaf ap Unwch Unarchen ap Ysbwys ap Ysbwch, which Ysbwys and Ysbwch, father and son, came into Britain out of Spain with Aurelius and Uther, A. D. 466, and when Aurelius conquered Vortigern, he rewarded Ysbwch and Ysbwys, being among his officers, for their services, by a grant of the whole Comôt of Talybont, and part of Estimaner, in Merionethshire.

Ednowain ap Bradwen, and his issue, says his historian, "were possessed of all Talybont, save Nanney and the Princes demesnes, and, for the most part, of the hundred of Estimaner." He had his house at Llys Bradwen, in Cregenan, Talybont. He was living about 1237.

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2. Ednyfed; *of whom presently.*
3. Llewelyn Vychan, m. Leuky, dau. Llewelyn ap Einion.
4. Peredyr Gethin (the terrible), from whom descended Gwenllian, wife of John ap Meredith, of Tal y Llyn (daughter of Ednyfed ap David), and grandmother of Mary, wife of David ap Howell; *of whom later on.*

II. EDNYFED AP LLEWELYN[1] of the parish of Llangelynin, Merionethshire, is named, under the designation of "Edneved ap Leuelyn," in a list of persons who performed fealty to the officers of Edward, Prince of Wales (the Black Prince), upon *his* receiving, from his father, a grant of the Principality. The grant was executed 12 May, 17 Edward III (1343), and fealty was performed 9 August, of the same year (1343), at Harlech, in Merionethshire.[2] He married Gwenllian,[3] daughter and co-heiress of Griffith ap Adda ap Griffith, of Dolgôch, Merionethshire. Griffith ap Adda, of Dolgôch, was Raglor of the Comôt of Estimaner, at Michaelmas, 1333 (7 Edward III), and his tomb remains in the Church of Towyn.[4]

Issue:

1. Aron ap Ednyfed; *of whom presently.*
   Other issue.

III. ARON AP EDNYFED,[5] of the parish of Llangelynin, Talybont, lived in the reign of Edward III. He probably died before 1397, and is mentioned, 7 Henry V (1419) (then deceased), as father to Griffith ap Aron

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[1] Dwnn II, 238, 253, 278—Hist. Powys Fadog, V, 101, &c.

[2] Arch. Camb., vol. 2, 1 Ser., 244.

"Adhuc de fidelitate, et attendencia, et sacramentis ministrorum, corum prefatis Ricardo, et sociis suis, apud Hardelaghe, die Sabbati, in vigilia Sancti Laurencii Anno supradicto (17 Edw. III) [9 August, 1343].—Edneved ap Leuelyn" [et. al.], etc.

[3] Dwnn II, 239. Dwnn II, 253. Hist. Powys Fadog, V, 101.

[4] Pennant.

[5] Dwnn II, 238, 253, 278. Hist. Powys Fadog, V, 101.

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and others, who were then heirs to a Wele of free land in Talybont which had belonged to Llewelyn ap Tudor, grandfather to this Aron ap Ednyfed.[1]

He married Gwenllian,[2] daughter and co-heiress of Gwffydd Ddu ap Ievan ap Einion, of the township of Llanvendigaid, Llangelynin.

Issue:

1. Ednyfed ap Aron;[3] *of whom presently.*
2. Einion ap Aron, living of Henry V (1419).
3. Griffith ap Aron, of Peniarth, Talybont. Among the records at Peniarth is an original roll containing memoranda of lands in the ville of Peniarth and elsewhere in the neighborhood, taken "in Prida" (pledge or mortgage), by this Griffith (or Gruffydd) ap Aron (1416). He was alive 2 November, 9 Henry VI (1430). There is an elegy upon him by Lewis Glyn Cothi.

IV. EDNYFED AP ARON,[4] of the parish of Llangelynin, Talybont, became heir to a considerable portion of the lands formerly held by his ancestors in the above-named parish.

He was one of the Bailiffs for the Comôt (or Hundred) of Talybont, and is mentioned 21 Richard II (1397)[5] in a suit growing out of the unsettled conditions then existing in Wales.

It has been stated that Ednyfed was in sympathy with Owen Glendower, and that, during a reverse in the fortunes of that Chieftain, he secretly entertained him in a

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[1] Records of Caernarvon. Extent Merioneth., 7 Hen. V.

[2] Dwnn II, 239.

[3] Dwnn II, 238. Arch. Camb., 4 Ser., vol. 10, 121.

[4] Dwnn II, 238, 278. Hist. Powys Fadog, V, 102.

[5] Arch. Camb., Vol. I, ser. I, 398—From a transcript of Records formerly in the Exchequer of Caernarvon, but now lost, made by Robert Vaughan, of Hengwrt, the celebrated antiquary and genealogist. The original transcript reads as follows:

"Johannes, dominus de Mowthy, indictatus felon', traditur in balliva Meuric Lloit, Edenevet ap Aron, David ap Gyon, Rys ap Ieuan ap Griffith ap Madoc, Howell ap Ieuan Vychan, et David ap Ieuan Vychan, &c. 21 Richardi 2."

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cave on the seacoast near his own house, in the parish of Llangelynin.[1] This was in the year 1405. The cave is still called "Ogof Owain," and is not far distant from the mansion of Llwyndu. There is, however, nothing to indicate that he openly joined the revolt, and his lands were certainly not forfeited. He was one of the heirs to the Wele Wyrion Llewelyn ap Tudor, *i. e.*, the domicile of the grandchildren of Llewelyn ap Tudor (see *supra*), but it is doubtful if he was alive at the time the extent of 7 Henry V[2] was made, and it seems certain that his children had, at that time (1419), acquired possession of his lands.

He married Llowry,[3] daughter of Ievan Lloyd Fychan ap Ievan ap Llewelyn ap Ievan Lloyd Fychan, of Pwll Dyfach, in Pembrokeshire, descended from Cadifor ap Dyfnwall, Lord of Castle Howell, in Caermarthenshire.

Issue:

1. Howell ap Ednyfed ap Aron; *of whom presently.*
2. Griffith, ap Ednyfed, of Llanfedigaid, in the parish of Llangelynin, Raglor of the Comôt of Talybont, 32 Henry VI (1453-4)[4]; he is also named as a Juror in several Inquisitions held in and for the County of Merioneth temp. Henry VI.
3. Llewelyn ap Ednyfed ap Aron, woodwarden for the Comôt of Estimaner, and living 31 Henry VI (1452-3);[5] he is also named as a Juror in several Inquisitions held in and for the County of Merioneth, especially those held at Harlech, 31 Henry VI.

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[1] Pennant II, 241—York, 208.

[2] Records of Caernarvon. Extent Merioneth, 7 Henry V.

[3] Hist. Powys Fadog, V, 101. Dwnn II, 238.

[4] "Thomas Burnby, Vicecomes Merioneth, per sub-vicecomitem suum, Elisse ap Griffith, presentat quod in turno apud Dolgelly, arrestavit David ap Atha ap Ievan Gethin, felon' et deliberavit eum Gruffith ap Ednyved ap Aron, gent., de Llanvendiged, Ragloto Domini Regis de Talybont ad ducendum eum apud Constabel castri de Harlegh, 32 Henrici 6, 195." Arch. Camb. Vol. 2, 1 ser., 23-24.

[5] Arch. Camb. Vol. B, 1 ser., 71, Vol. I, 1 ser., 402.

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4. Guttyn ap Ednyfed ap Aron; he was a Juror in an Inquisition held in and for the County of Merioneth, at Harlech, 31 Henry VI[1] (1452) and in others.

V. HOWELL AP EDNYFED[2] ap Aron, of the parish of Llangelynin, Talybont, was living in or about 31 Henry VI (1452-3). He was dead before 1514.[3]

Issue:

1. Einion ap Howell; *of whom presently.*
2. Llewelyn ap Howell ap Ednyfed, who held part of his father's land, 1514, and was a juror in an Inquisition in and for the County of Merioneth in that year.[4]

VI. EINION AP HOWELL,[5] of the parish of Llangelynin, Talybont, was dead before 1514. [6]He married Sissly,[7] illegitimate daughter of Sir John Burgh, Knight, Lord of Mowthey, or Mawddwy, Merionethshire.

This John Burgh proved his age at Shrewsbury, 28 June, 1435,[8] before Humfrey Cotes, the King's escheator, in the county of Salop, and was then twenty-one years of age "on the 12th June last past," having been born at Wattlesburgh, and baptized in the church of Alberbury in the same town.[9] He was a person of great magnificence and was four times Sheriff of Shropshire, 1442, 1449, at

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[1] Ibid, Vol. 1, ser., 402.

[2] Dwnn I, 278.

[3] Arch. Camb., vol. 3, 1 Ser., 261. At this time his sons and grandsons had succeeded to his estate.

[4] *Ibid.*

[5] Dwnn II, 278. He is the first ancestor in the male line of Humphry ap Hugh, of Llwyn, du Llwyngwrill, Llanglynin, Talybont, given in the manuscript pedigree compiled by Rowland Ellis, 1697.

[6] Arch. Camb. 3, 1st Ser., 261, &c.

[7] Dwnn II, 278. The Lordship of Mowthey adjoins Talybont on the East and is but a few miles from Llwyn du. The family of Lord Mowthey did not live there at this date.

[8] Montg. Coll. I, 96, Inq. 13 Henry VI, No. 43.

[9] *Ibid.*

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which time he had been knighted, and again in 1453 and 1463-4, serving the last time for two years.[1] He died on Saturday, the eve of Pentecost, 1471.[2]

Sir John Burgh, who was also styled Lord of Olonde, near the Castle of Chirbourgh, France, was son of Hugh Burgh,[3] Lord of Mowthey or Mawddwy (died 18 August, 1430), and Elizabeth his wife, daughter of John de la Pole, Lord of Mawddwy (died 3 November, 1403, sole heiress to her brother, Fulk), and Elizabeth his wife (born 7 May, 1375; died prior 1403), daughter of Sir Fulk Corbet, of Wattelesburg, and Moreton Corbet.[4]

John de la Pole was son of William de la Pole (living 1352-3), son of Griffith de la Pole, Lord of Mawddwy (of age 1319), son of William, fourth son of Griffith ap Wenwynnyn, Prince of Upper Powys, descended from Bleddyn ap Cynfyn, Prince of Powys, murdered 1073.[5]

Issue:

1. Goronwy ap Einion; *of whom presently.*
2. Griffith ap Einion.[6]
3. Other issue.[7]

VII. GORONWY AP EINION,[8] of the parish of Llangelynin, Talybont. He was living 6 Henry VIII (1514);[9] Llwyn du, in the township of Llwyngwrill, Llangelyin, was a part of his estate. He married Arddyn,[10] daughter of Ednyfed ap Ierworth, who was a Juror in an

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[1] *Ibid*, 97.

[2] *Ibid*, 98. Sir John Burgh was twice married, and a list of his legitimate children, all by his first wife, is given in the Inq. P. M. (Loton MSS.). See also Blakeway's Sheriffs, 70.

[3] *Ibid*, 95.

[4] *Ibid*, 77.

[5] *Ibid*, facing page 1, &c.

[6] See Dwnn. He must not be confused with Griffith ap Goronwy, next generation, as has been often done.

[7] There were, doubtless, several children, but I have not been able to ascertain their names with certainty.

[8] Dwnn II, 238-9, 253, 278. MS. Pedigree of Rowland Ellis, 1697.

[9] Arch. Camb., vol. 3, 1 ser., 261.

[10] Dwnn II, 278.

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Inquisition for Merionethshire, 36 Henry VI (1457[1]-8). This Ednyfed was son of Ierworth ap Einion of Yns y Maengwyn, who was farmer of the ville of Towyn (*i. e.*, lessee of the Crown Revenues there) and of the office of Raglor of the comôt of Estimaner, Merionethshire, at Michaelmas, 1415, and also held in farm the office of Woodwarden of Estimaner at Michaelmas, 1425, for the term of two years, that being the first. The wife of Ierworth was Gwenllian, daughter of Kenric ap Rotpert, of Tegaingl, and relict of James Eyton, of Eyton, in the County of Flint.[2]

Ierworth ap Einion was son of Einion ap Griffith, of Cors y Gedol, Merionethshire, Captain of Forty Archers for the King, from Merionethshire, 10 Richard II, Woodwarden of the comôt of Estimaner between 7 July, 1382, and 12 October, 1385, and son of Griffith ap Llewelyn, Sheriff of Merionethshire, 46 Edward III and 15 Richard II, son of Llewelyn ap Kenric, of Cors y Gedol, son of Osborn, surnamed "Wyddel" (the Irishman), who settled in Wales in 13th Century, and who was assessed in the parish of Llanaber, 1293.[3]

VIII. HOWELL AP GORONWY,[4] of the parish of Llangelynin, Talybont, was born *circa* 1500, perhaps later. The name of his wife is not given either in the MS. pedigree compiled by his descendant, Rowland Ellis, in 1697, or in Dwnn's Visitations of Wales, taken 1588 to 1603, although he is mentioned in both. He was owner of Llwyn du, in the township of Llwyngwrill in Llangelynin, Talybont, which is described in a document of a later date relating to the Quaker burial place in Llwyngwrill, as "that ancient capital messuage, tene-

[1] Arch. Camb., vol. 3, 1 ser., 261.
[2] Hist. Powys Fadog, IV, 382, et seq. Dwnn II, 230-1.
[3] Hist. Powys Fadog, IV, 384,
[4] MS. Pedigree of Rowland Ellis, 1697. Dwnn II, 253.

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ment and lands called Llwyn du,"[1] a "good and indefeasible estate of inheritance."

Issue:

1. David ap Howell; *of whom presently. Other issue.*

IX. DAVID AP HOWELL,[2] of the parish of Llangelynin, Talybont, was born *circa* 1540-1550, and died before 1636.

Upon his father's decease he acquired Lwyndu, Gwastalgoyd Ucha and Issa, and divers other lands and tenements in the township of Llwyngwrill in the said county.

He married Mary, daughter of Hugh ap John,[3] of the parish of Tal y Llyn, in Estimaner Hundred, eight miles south-west from Dôlgelly.

Hugh ap John, who died before 1588, was the son of John ap Meredith y Bedo ap David ap Jenkin ap Llewelyn ap Einion, of Llwydiarth, in the parish of Meifod, in Montgomeryshire. Hugh ap John, of Tal y Llyn, married Catharine, daughter of Rhys ap David.

John ap Meredith, of Tal y Llyn, married Gwenllian, daughter of Ednyfed ap David (living 6 Henry VIII, 1514), son of David ap Howell (Juror in an Inquisition held at Dôlgelly, 35 Henry VI, 1456-7), son of Howell ap Einion (living 7 Henry V, 1415, and then one of the heirs to a wele of free land which had belonged to Llewelyn ap Tudor), son of Einion ap David (named in the extent of Henry V, 1419, but then dead), son of David ap Peredyr (Gethin) (named in said extent, but then dead), son of Peredyr (Gethin) ap Llewelyn ap Tudor, Lord of Talybont, temp. Edward I; descended from Ednowain ap Bradwen, as above.[4]

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[1] Montg. Colls., XV, 416.

[2] MS. Pedigree of Rowland Ellis, 1697. Dwnn II, 253.

[3] *Ibid* II, 252-3.

[4] Arch. Camb. 1 ser., vol. 3, 208, 258, 261, &c. Records of Caernarvon, Extent Merioneth.

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Issue:

1. Hugh ap David; *of whom presently.*
2. John David ap Howell; he inherited Gwastalgoyd Ucha, in Llwyngwrill Township, and had David John David ap Howell, of Llwyngwrill, whose will, dated 1661, was proved 6 June, 1661, at Bangor.
3. *Other issue.*

X. HUGH AP DAVID,[1] of Llwyn du, in the township of Llwyngwrill, parish of Llangelynin, Talybont, died before 1 January, 1649,[2] at which time his son and heir was in possession of Llwyn du. Hugh ap David married Catherine,[3] daughter of Rhydderch ap John, of Abergydolwyn, Merionethshire. According to deeds in possession of descendants, Catherine must have been born about 1584. and have been the eldest child. There is extant a marriage settlement showing that Rhydderch ap John, of Abergydolwyn, in the county of Merioneth, and Marianne, daughter of Owen ap David ap Lewis, were married in the first part of 1583.[4] Hugh ap David and Catherine, daughter of Rhydderch ap John, were married about 1600-1603.

Rhydderch ap John, of Abergydolwyn, living 1583, was son of John ap Gruffyd,[5] of Abergydolwyn, grantee in a deed 1 February, 1553, and living 1583, son of Gruffyd ap Ievan, of Abergydolwyn, grantee in a deed

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[1] Dwnn II, 253. MS. Pedigree of Rowland Ellis, 1697.

[2] Documents in possession of Edward Griffith, Esquire, of Springfield, Dôlgelly, a descendant.

[3] MS. Pedigree of Rowland Ellis, (see note *infra*).

[4] Montg. Colls.

[5] *Gruffydd* is the Welsh form of *Griffith;* as the name is so spelled in the original deeds it is not changed. Rowland Ellis, in his pedigree of 1697, uses the Welsh form of spelling throughout. In Dwnn's visitations both forms are used. In the same manner Humphrey is often written Humffrey, etc. Note that Rowland Ellis in his pedigree of 1697, calls Catherine daughter of "Sion ap Rhydderch," *i. e.,* John ap Rhydderch, which, however, is clearly a clerical error, as Sion ap Rhydderch was her brother.

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1516, living 1550, son of Ievan ap Owen, of Abergydolwyn, which Owen was born about 1430.[1] Nothing further is known concerning the ancestry of the Abergydolwyn family.

Issue:

1. Humphrey ap Hugh; *of whom presently.*
2. John ap Hugh, living 21 January, 1649.
3. Rice ap Hugh; buried at Llangelynin Church, 13 March, 1623.
4. David ap Hugh.

XI. HUMPHREY AP HUGH,[2] of Llwyn du, in the township of Llwyngwrill, parish of Llangelynin, Talybont, Merionethshire, was born *circa* 1600-1603. He is named as a party to the deed of marriage settlement made at the time of the marriage of his daughter Anne to Ellis Rees, and dated 1 January, 1649, wherein he is described as: "*Humffrey ap Hugh of Llwyngwril in the sayd Com. of Merioneth, gentleman.*"[3] He was living at Llwyn du 1662,[4] but died in or before 1664,[5] having been a Justice of the Peace for his county.

Humphrey ap Hugh married, *circa* 1624-1625, Elizabeth, daughter of John Powell[6] (otherwise called John ap Howell Gôch), of Gadfa, a large farm (then considered

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[1] Montg. Colls., vol.

[2] MS. Pedigree of Rowland Ellis, 1697.

[3] This Indenture is now owned by a descendant, Edward Griffith, Esq., of Springfield, Dôlgelly, Merionethshire, Wales. It is dated 1 January, 1649, the parties thereto being Rees Lewis ap John Griffith, of Dyffrydan, in the County of Merioneth. gentleman; Humffrey ap Hugh, of Llwyngwrill, in said county, gentleman; Richard Nanney, of Llwyngwrill, and David Ellis, of Gwanas, gentlemen. It recites that a marriage is intended between Anne, one of the daughters of said Humffrey ap Hugh, and Ellis Rees, second son of said Rees Lewis. Richard Nanney and David Ellis are Trustees. It was witnessed 21 January, 1649, by John ap William ap Humphrey, David John Hugh, Griffith ap Rees Lewis, Tudor Vaughan and John ap Hugh. Rowland Ellis, who compiled the pedigree of 1697, was the only issue of this marriage.

[4] Diary of Richard Davies, of Welshpoole, the Quaker.

[5] Deeds relative to Quaker Burial Ground at Llwyn du.

[6] MS. Pedigree of Rowland Ellis, 1697.

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quite a good estate), in the township of Rhiwargor, in the parish of Llanwddyn, Montgomeryshire. John ap Howell was taxed as a land owner in Llanwddyn, in a Lay Subsidy of 39 Elizabeth, 1596-7,[1] and was buried at Llanwddyn Parish Church, 24 July, 1636.[2] He was the son of Howell Gôch, of Gadfa, ap Meredith ap Bedo ap Jenkin, of Caer Einion,[3] and he married Sibill,[4] daughter (seventh child) of Hugh Gwyn, Esquire, of Peniarth, Caernarvonshire, by Jane (his second wife), daughter of Owen ap Hugh, of Bodeon,[5] Anglesey, and sister unto Sir Hugh Owen, Barrister-at-Law and Recorder of Caermarthen, ancestor to the Owens, Baronets, of Orielton, Pembrokeshire. Hugh Gwyn[6] was High Sheriff of Caernarvonshire from 2 December, 1599-1600, and was commissioned one of the Justices of the Peace for that county, 11 May, 1611.

Owen ap Hugh, of Bodeon, Anglesey, was High Sheriff of Anglesey, 30 November, 1562-63, 1579-80 (30 November), and died 1613. His second wife, mother of Jane, who married Hugh Gwyn, was Sibill, youngest daughter of Sir William Griffith, Knt., of Penrhyn, Caernarvonshire, Chamberlain of North Wales, by his second wife, Jane, daughter of John Puleston, of Bers and Havod y Wern.

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[1] Subsidy Rolls for Montgomeryshire.

[2] Llanwddyn Parish Register.

[3] Records relating to tenure of Rhiwargor. Hist. Powys Fadog, IV, 367-8, vi, 130.

[4] MS. Pedigree of Rowland Ellis, 1697. Dwnn II, 172.

[5] The MS. Pedigree of Rowland Ellis, by mistake, makes her *daughter* instead of *sister* of Sir Hugh Owen. She was daughter of Owen ap Hugh, as above. Dwnn II, 199, 205.

[6] Eleanor, or Ellen, another daughter of Hugh Gwyn, married Rev. Richard Nanney, Rector of Llangelynin and Vicar of Towyn. She was living 16 June, 1646, in Llwyngwrill, and her son was named Richard Nanney.

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Issue:

1. ANNE,[1] bapt. ——, m. 1649-50 ELLIS AP REES,[2] of Bryn Mawr, Dôlgelly, gentleman, and had: ROWLAND ELLIS.
2. Hugh, bapt. in Llangelynin Church, 7 April, 1628; bur. 22 May, 1628.
3. Owen, bapt. in Llangelynin Church, 13 April, 1629; *of whom presently.*[3]
4. Catherine, bapt. in Llangelynin Church, 15 November, 1631; bur. 29 November, 1631.
5. John, bapt. in Llangelynin Church, 16 November, 1632; m. Joan, sister of one Richard Humphrey. They both died in Pennsylvania.
6. Samuel, bapt. in Llangelynin Church, 22 January, 1635.[4]
7. ———, dau., bapt. ——.
8. ———, dau., bapt. ——.

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[1] The Register is so imperfect and, in parts, indistinct, that the date of her baptism cannot be deciphered.

[2] See Deed of Marriage Settlement, 1 January, 1649 (1649-50), cited *supra*. Their only child, Rowland Ellis, was born 1650, and died in Pennsylvania; he compiled the pedigree of 1697, which is in his own handwriting.

[3] Owen Humphrey, second son and heir of Humphrey ap Hugh, inherited Llwyn du. He married Margaret, daughter of ———, and had, among other issue, some of whom removed to Pennsylvania, a daughter, Rebecca, who married, 1678, Robert Owen, of Fron Gôch, near Bala, in the Comôt of Penlly, Merionethshire. Robert and Rebecca Owen removed to Pennsylvania in 1690 and settled in Merion Township, where they died 1697, leaving besides daughters, male issue as follows; Evan Owen, Provincial Councillor, Judge of Court of Common Pleas, etc.; Owen Owen, High Sheriff of Philadelphia County and Coroner; John Owen, High Sheriff of the County of Chester, Member of Assembly and Trustee of the Loan Office; and Robert Owen, who married Susanna, daughter of William Hudson, Mayor of Philadelphia. The second Robert Owen's daughter, Hannah, married, first, John Ogden, by whom she had a son, William Ogden, who left issue, and, secondly, Joseph Wharton, of Walnut Grove, by whom she had, besides other children, Robert Wharton, Mayor of Philadelphia, Captain of First Troop Philadelphia City Cavalry.

[4] Samuel Humphrey, a celebrated Quaker, died in Merionethshire, but his widow, Elizabeth, daughter of Rees Hugh, with their children, removed to Pennsylvania, 1683. The children of Samuel Humphrey took the surname of "Humphreys." which they have since retained. From Samuel Humphrey descended Joshua Humphreys, Naval Constructor, called the Father of the American Navy, and the late General Humphreys, of Pennsylvania, distinguished in the War of the Rebellion, and whose son is now an officer in the United States Army.

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Plantagenet.

I. THE PRINCESS ELIZABETH PLANTAGENET, daughter of Edward I by his first wife, Eleanor of Castile, was born at Rudlan Castle, in Flintshire, 1284. She married, first, in London, John, Earl of Holland, who died without issue two years after his marriage; and, secondly, Humphrey de Bohun, Earl of Hereford and Lord High Constable of England. By her second husband she had a son:

II. WILLIAM DE BOHUN, Earl of Northampton and Knight of the Garter, who died 1360. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Bartholomew de Badelsmer—Lord Badelsmer, of Leeds Castle, County Kent, who was beheaded at Canterbury, 1322. The will of this Elizabeth is dated 1356, being executed prior to her husband's decease, but she did not die until 1378, as appears by the following inscription on a tablet erected to her memory in Black Friars, London:

"Here lieth the body of the Lady Elizabeth, the daughter of Sir Bartholomew Balitismer, wife of William Bohun, Earl of Northampton, and mother of the Earles of March and Northampton, and of Elizabeth, Countess of Arundell. She died 5id of June, anno Christi, 1378." She was interred before the high altar. —[*Weever's Funeral Monuments, page 77*].

Her will was as follows:

"I, Elizabeth de Bohun, Countess of Northampton, on the last day of May, 1356, with the leave of my husband to make this my will. My body to be buried in the choir of the Church of the Friar preachers, London: to that church C. Marks sterling, and also the cross made of the very wood of our Saviour's Cross, which I was wont to carry about me, and wherein is contained one of the thorns of his crown; also I bequeath to the said Church two fine acton clothes of one suit, two of cloth of gold, one chalice, one missal, one graile, and one silver bell, likewise thirty-one ells of

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linen cloth for making of abes, one pulpitary, one portfory, and an holy water pot of silver; to the Friars Preachers of Oxford one hundred marks, two cloths of gold of one suit and one chalice; to the Friars Preachers of Cambridge, fifty pounds: to those of Chelmsford, twenty pounds; to those of Exeter, twenty pounds; also I will that one hundred and fifty marks be distributed to several other convents of Friar Preachers, in such manner as Friar David de Stirington shall think best, for my soul's health; to the Grey Friars in London, five marks; to the Augustines, five marks; to the Churches of Rochford, one pair of vestments which I used on holidays in my own Chapel; to the Earl of Hereford, my lord, a tablet of gold with the form of a crucifix thereon; to Humphrey, my son, a cup of silver, gilt with two basons and one ewer of silver; to Elizabeth, my daughter, a bed of Red Worsted embroided; to my sister, the Countess of Oxford, a black horse and a nonche; to my sister, Roos, a set of beads of gold and jet, with a firmaile." [Testamenta Vetusta, Nichol. Page 60; et Dugdale, Vol. I., page 180.] William de Bohun and Elizabeth, his wife, had issue:

III. LADY ELIZABETH DE BOHUN, who married Richard Fitz Alan, Earl of Arundel and Surrey, who was beheaded on Tower Hill, September, 1397. Elizabeth died during her husband's life-time, prior to 15 Richard II., for in that year the Earl of Arundel paid a fine to the king for marrying (the second time) without a license. [Dugdale]. His second wife survived him.

His will is as follows:

"I, Richard, Earl of Arundel and Surrey, March 4, 1392, 16 Richard II., in my Castle of Philipp. My body to be buried in the Priory of Lewis, in a place behind the high altar, which I have shewn to my beloved in God Danz Johan Chierlien, Prior, and frere Thomas Asshebourne, my confessor. In case my dear wife E., on whom God have mercy, be not there interred by me, I charge my executors that they cause my said wife to be conveyed from her present tomb to the said place with the same form as the body of my most honored lord and father was buried. If I die in England I desire to have my corpse privately conveyed to the said Priory, and I forbid armed men, or other pomp, attendant at my burial.

. . . . My manors of Angermeryn, Wepham, Warnecamp, Soucstoke, Tothungton, Upinerdon, and Pypéryng. . . .

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My most dear [second] wife Philippa . . . My sons [in law] the Earl Marshall, Lord Charlton, and William Beauchamp . . . My son Richard a standing bed called Clove also a bed of silk, embroidered with the arms of Arundel and Warren quarterly . . . to my dear son Thomas, from the day of my death C L annually in aid of his maintainance, also the Manors of Begenever, Sullynton, and Schapewyk . . . My dear daughter Charlton; to my daughter Elizabeth a nounce with lions and crowns which was given me by my dear son her husband." [Testamenta Vetusta, p. 129.]

The Earl of Arundel had issue by his first wife Elizabeth:

1. Richard, d. S. P.
2. Thomas, who died S. P. and whose title passed to his kinsman, but whose lands descended to his sisters.
3. Alice married John de Charlton prior 1392; died before 1415, S. P.
4. Alianora, who had Royal License 28 Oct. 1371, to marry Robert de Ufford, son of William Earl of Suffolk. [Notes from the Patent Rolls Inq. etc.; but is said in "Williamson's Evidences" to have died unmarried, p. 30.] [Hist. Cheshire, Ormerod, p. 38.]
5. Elizabeth, *of whom hereafter.*
6. Joane, married before 1392, William Beauchamp of Abergavenny. She died 14 Nov. 1435.
7. Margaret, married Sir Rowland Lenthall.

IV. LADY ELIZABETH FITZ ALAN, was born 1376, and died 8 July, 1425. She married, first, before 1 December 1378, William de Montacute, son of William Earl of Salisbury, who died 6 August, 1383. She married, secondly, 1386, as his second wife, Thomas K. G. 7th Lord Mowbray Earl Marshall of England, 1st duke of Norfolk, and Earl of Nottingham, who died 22 September, 1399. She married, thirdly on or before the 1 September, 1401, Sir Robert Goushill, Knight, of Haveringham in the county of Nottingham, and Lord of

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Hault Hucknall Manor in Derbyshire. He had been Esquire to the duke of Norfolk her former husband. She married, fourthly, Sir Gerard Ufflete, Knight, of Wigmore, Yorkshire, but retained the title of Dowager Duchess of Norfolk until her death. The following letter written by her in 1421-2 is extant. The William Troutbeck there referred to was the grandfather of the William Troutbeck mentioned later.

The letter is as follows:

"The Duchuse of Norff.

Right dere and well beloved, we grete you well, and alsmycull as we have given under oure great seale of armes, unto oure servante Norman Babyngton, and Margaret his wife, and unto the heires of Norman, the third part of the manoirs of Staune Dunham and Troughford, with the app' tenuz, of which, William Troutbeck holds of us the third part t' me of his life yielding to us yerely a certayne rent, as the said "William Troutbeck can declare you more pleyneley, we pray you with all oure hert, that ye make fine to be rered before you of the third part of the sd manoirs, and also of the third part of the ferme, the which the sd Troutbeck yeilds to us and oure sisters, unto the heires of Norman, and with warrantie, writen under oure greate seale at Annesley, xx May (1421-1422.)

To oure dere and right well beloved Peirs of Poole,
Justice of Chester."

Seal of arms two and a half inches in diameter, bearing arms of England, with a label of three points, impaling a shield blazoned, quarterly, 1st and 4th, checquey, 2nd and 3d, a lion rampant, Circumscribed: "x Sigillum d'ni Elizabeth . . . . . Norforthie: comitisse: marchli: . . redby: de Knapp . .

(Hist. Ches. Ormerod.)

By her 3d husband, Sir Robert Goushill, Knight:

Joan Goushill, d. and heiress, *of whom presently.*

V. LADY JOAN GOUSHILL, daughter and heiress of Sir Robert Goushill, by Elizabeth Fitz Alan,

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married Sir Thomas Stanley, 1st Lord Stanley, Knight of the Garter, who died 37 Henry VI. [Dugdale II. p. 248]. [E. Stemmate,—Ece. 37. H. 6]. "Who being a Knight in 9 Henry 6 was constituted Lieutenant of Ireland, for the term of six years, and in 27 Henry 6 (with John Viscount Beaumont and others) was one of the Commissioners appointed to treat with the Scots for a truce between both Relms. In 28 Henry 6 (with James Earl of Wiltshire and others) he was put in commission for the defence of the Town and Castle of Calais; and also of the meedes adjacent, and Toure of Kirfbank, for the term of five years. He was likewise Chamberlain to the King; and in 30 Henry 6 was again constituted a Commissioner, to treat with James Earl of Douglass upon those articles which had been formerly signed by him."

He had issue by Joan Goushill, his wife:

1. Thomas Stanley, Earl of Derby.
2. Sir William Stanley, of Holt, who crowned Henry VII. on Bosworth field; Chamberlain to the King. Beheaded 1494.
3. John Stanley, of Weever, Cheshire.
4. James Stanley, Archdeacon of Chester.
5. Margaret, married Sir William Troutbeck, *of whom presently.*
6. Elizabeth, married Sir Richard Molineux, Knt.
7. Katherine, married Sir John Savage.

VI. LADY MARGARET STANLEY, eldest daughter of Thomas, Lord Stanley, married Sir William Troutbeck, of Pryns Castle in Worrill, Cheshire, Lord of Dunham. Sir William Troutbeck, Knight, was son and heir of Sir John Troutbeck, Knight, of Dunham, Chamberlain of Chester, and was aged 23 years in 37 Henry VI. (1458), and was therefore born 1434-5. The following Inq. P. M. is proof of his birth and age:

"Inq. P. M. (37, not) 38, H. VI. John Troutbek held (no lands of the King or Prince on his decease) in demesne, as of fee

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(but by his charter of 22 Feby., 35 Hen. VI., had granted to Johi Comiti Arondel, Johi Beamond, Vicund de Beamond, John Sutton dno de Dudley, Thomes Stanley, Thome Parre, Rico Turnstall, Thome de Convey, Militibz, Petro de Ardern Justic dni Regis de coi Banco, Gilbto Parre, Johi Pulesdon, Rico Pulesdon, Mag'ro Andree Holes, Clico, Hugoni Pembton, Rico Asshawe, Thome Bellamond, Clico, and others)—the manors of Brinstath, Dunham, Troghford, and Budworth, cum pert. with lands in Carnesdale, Barneston, Oxton, Tranmore, Upton, Raby, L. Newton, Hergreave, Newton in Wirrill, Chester, Handbridge, Woodchurch, Christelton, Ledsham, Pickmere, Moberley, Newton Juxta le Midelwich, and the avowson (of the Church) of Moberley for his use for life. Ob. die Sabbi px post festum Sci Bartholomei Apli ultimo, Wills Troutbeck filius & heres, aet. 23, ann. in festo Sce Margarete Virginis ultimo)."

Sir William Troutbeck was married in the year 1449, when aged only about fourteen years, to the Lady Margaret Stanley, and was slain at the battle of Blore-Heath on the 23d September, 1459, fighting under the command of Lord Auderley, in the Lancasterian cause. He was buried in the Troutbeck Chapel in St. Mary's, Chester. A tomb was erected there to his memory, and is thus described: "It was a faire tombe of one of the Troutbecks. The man all in riche armour, with a riche border of pearles, and stones, about his head, on the helmet. On the front of the helmet, over his forehead, was engraven *Jeshu Nazarenus Rex.* All the plates and edges of his armour curiously wrought, as it were imbracery, with a collar of S.S. about his neck, of gold, one gauntlet in his hand, and his wife's hand in the other. Under his feet a lion couchant; under his head, a helmet mantled, having on it a wreath of trouts and a moores head. She hath her head richly atttired, with a veil over her head, with a blue gown, and a short surcoat of black. At her feet a lamb, and two angels supporting the cushions under her head."

The Troutbeck Aisle or Chapel, which was built in the reign of Henry VI., by William Troutbeck, fell

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down not many years after the publication of the "Vale Royal," by King, and destroyed the tombs. The third Randal Holmes says, that for the fineness of the work, the monuments of the Troutbecks were thought to exceed anything of that kind in England. (Harl. MS. 2151, fo. 16b.)

The battle of Blore-Heath was fought on St. Tecla's Day, 23 September, 1459, was fatal to the men of Cheshire. Among those left dead upon the field were: Sir Thomas Dutton, Sir John Done, Sir Hugh Venables, Sir Richard Molineux, Sir William Troutbeck, Sir John Leigh, and Sir John Egerton. (Records Corporation of Macclesfield.)

The following is proof of the death of the said William Troutbeck, and as it gives the age of his eldest son, fixes the date of his marriage:

"Inq. M. (b. de mand.) 4 Edw. Iv. Sir William Troutbek, knight, held the manors of Great Troughford, Dunham, and Hole from Henry, late King of France, 'et non de jure Rege Angliae sexto,' with lands therein, valued at XL marks per annum. Also the manors and advowsons of Moberley, the manors of Brunstath, Raby and Budworth, half of L. Neston, and one-fifth of Hargreave; (the manors of Elton and Oxton, and a moiety of the ville of Pykmere;) with lands in Hargreave, Barneston, Carnesdale, Ledsham, Woodchurch, Eccleston, Chester Hulme, Kinderton, Brereton, Newton, Cogshull, Xtlton, Tattenhall, Bridge Troghford, Elton, Oxton, Pickmere, Thingwall, Tranmere, Upton, and Wirswall. William Troutbek, son and heir, (aet. 15 ann. et maritatus Johanne filie Johis. Botiller Militis, and ward of the latter by grant of the King, 8 Jan. 2 Edw. IV)."

For evidences of the marriage of Sir William Troutbeck and Margaret Stanley, see Dougdale, vol. II., page 248, (et E. Stemmate) wherein he states that Sir Thomas, Lord Stanley, left "issue: three sons, Thomas, William and John; and two daughters, Margaret, married to Sir William Troutbeck, Knight, and Elizabeth to Sir Richard Molineux, Knight." See also Collins' Peerage of Eng-

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land, vol. III., page 40, etc. Edition 1779, London, Pedigree of Troutbeck of Dunham, by Robert Glover, Somerset Herald, for William Floww, Norry King-at-arms; visitations of Cheshire, 1580 (Harl. MS. 1424. fo. 1287). Printed Edition, London, 1882, by John Paul Rylands, F. S. A.—Also, Harl. MS. 1424, fo. 136b, Pedigree of Troutbeck of Dunham, by William Beaumont, Esq. of Oxford Hall (see Hist. Cheshire, by George Ormerod, Revised Edition). Also visitations of Wales by Lewis Dwnn, Penrhyn Pedigree. The best evidence, however, is the Dispensation, dated 23 January, 1459 (O. S.) (or 1460, N. S.) to Margaret, widow of William Troutbeck and daughter of Thomas Lord Stanley, deceased, to marry Sir John Botler, Knight, which marriage took place in 1460, and the said Sir John, dying 26 February, 1463, the said Margaret married, thirdly, 2 October, 1465, Lord Grey, of Codnor.

It should be remembered that the month of January, 1459, is four months after September, and not prior to it, the year not beginning then until March.

The children of Sir William Troutbeck and the Lady Margaret were:

1. William Troutbeck, "aet. 15 years, 4 Edw. IV., ward of Sir John Botler, alias Butler, by grant of the King, 8 January, 2 Edw. IV.," married to Johannes, daughter of the said Sir John. No issue.
2. Adam Troutbeck; his heiress married John Talbot, ancestor of the Earls of Shrewsbury.
3. Thomas Troutbeck.
4. Alice Troutbeck.
5. Jane Troutbeck, married 1st, Sir William Botler, of Bewsey, Knight, and, 2ndly, Sir William Griffith, of Penrhyn, Knight; *of whom presently.*
6. Elizabeth Troutbeck, married Sir Alexander Houghton, Knight.

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VII. LADY JANE TROUTBECK, daughter of Sir William Troutbeck, married Sir William Griffith, Knight, of Penrhyn, in the county of Caernarvon, as appear of record in the Visitations of Lewis Dwnn, II., 154-5, Harl. MSS. No. 1424, fo. 135b., also MS. of the celebrated antiquary, Robert Vaughan, of Hengwrt, Known as the Hengwrt MS. 96, p. 603 (vide Montgomeryshire Collections, by the Powysland Club), vol. XXV., page 98. The translation of this MS. is as follows:

"Wm. Vaughan (Vychan) Chamberlain of No. Wales (son of Gwilym ab Gruffydd ab Guilym ab Gruffydd ab Heilen, by his 2d wife Sioned (Jonet) D. of Sir Wm. Stanley of Hooton, Chamberlain of No. Wales and Chester), and had all the land of his father, and the lands also of Paris, (from whom Paris Mountain), by his mother's influence, and in the 18th year of Henry VI. (1440) he got himself made a denizen of England, under covenant that he should not marry any Welsh woman, so he married Alice, dau. and heir of Sir Richard Dalton, kt., by a daughter of Lord Clifford, his wife. Their son, Sir William Griffith, Hael (the Liberal), m. Jane, dau. of Sir Wm. Troutbeck, Kt., by his wife, a sister to Sir Thomas Stanley."

Sir William Griffith must, therefore, have been born subsequent to the year 1440, and succeeded his father as Chamberlain of North Wales, some time after 10th of August, 1466, for his said father was alive upon the last mentioned day.

He was created a Knight of the Bath 1489. The record therefore being as follows:

"These XXI. followinge were made Knightes of the Bathe at the Creation of Prince Arthur and of his Bayne on St. Andrew's Eve in anno quinto of the king.

Sir William Griffith was living 12 Henry VIII., 1520, and was then Chamberlain of North Wales. He survived, however, for many years, or until about 1539-40; he is mentioned in the Welsh records as Captain or Constable of Caernarvon Castle, and he is remembered by anti-

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quarians on account of the pains he took to collect and preserve the official archives and records and manuscripts relating to Wales. There are some fine verses extant addressed to him by the leading Bards of his day.

The Griffiths of Penrhyn were the owners of immense estates in Caernarvonshire, and had their seat at Penrhyn Castle, which then was, and continues to be, one of the finest seats in the Principality. At the time of Henry VII., and Henry VIII., they reached a height of splendor and power second only, perhaps, in Wales, to the family of Sir Rhys ap Thomas, of Dynevor.

Their entertainments at Penrhyn were magnificent, especially at those times when the King tarried there; their retainers, a small army, and their tenants, bound by feudal tenure, placed an armed force at their command, at all times ready for instant service in the field. He had issue:

VIII. SIR WILLIAM GRIFFITH, Knight, of Penrhyn, eldest son and heir. He was of the Court of Henry VIII, and accompanied the King into France, where he distinguished himself at the siege of Tourraine, where he was knighted, 25 December, 5 Henry VIII, and was Chamberlain of North Wales. He married, secondly (marriage settlement 2 August, 1522), Jane, widow of Robert Meredith and daughter of John Puleston, of Bers, and Havod, y Wern, Caernarvonshire, constable of Caernarvon Castle, 16 April, 1506, 30 July, 1509, 1 October, 1423, Chamberlain of North Wales, High Sheriff of Caernarvonshire, 1544; died about this date.

The wife of John Puleston was descended from Edward III, King of England. Sir William Griffith had issue by Jane, his second wife:

IX. SIBELL GRIFFITH, youngest daughter, who married (as his second wife) Owen ap Hugh,

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Esquire, of Bodeon, Anglesey, High Sheriff of Anglesey, 30 November, 1562-63; 1579-80 (30 November), and died 1613. They had a daughter:

X. JANE OWEN, who married Hugh Gwyn, of Peniarth, High Sheriff of Caernarvonshire from 2 December, 1599-1600, and Justice of the Peace 11 May, 1611. Their daughter, Sibill (XI), married John Powell, of Gadfa, Llanwddyn, Montgomeryshire, and had Elizabeth (XII), who married Humphrey ap Hugh, of Llwyn du (see page 47).

Conrad.

THONES KUNDERS, "Dennis Conrad," born at Crefeld, Germany, 1648. Died in Germantown, Philadelphia, 1729. He removed to Pennsylvania, 1683, and settled in Germantown, and the first Friends' meeting at that place was held in his house. He was a man much respected by the first settlers. = ELEANOR STREYPERS.

MADTIS CONRAD (Conders), born in Crefeld, Germany, 11, 25, 1679. Died in Germantown, Philadelphia, 1726. = BARBARA TYSON, died 1726. Married 5, 29, 1706.

CORNELIUS CONRAD, born 1710, in Germantown, Philadelphia. Died 11, 22, 1765. = PRISCILLA BOLTON married 3, 29, 1732.

SAMUEL CONRAD, born 11, 13, 1744. Died 11, 20, 1819. = HANNAH BAKER, widow of Jacob Kenderdine, married 11, 6, 1772.

SAMUEL CONRAD, born 7, 4, 1780. Died 11, 18, 1829. = SARAH HOLLOWELL, married 11, 17, 1807.

ASENETH CONRAD, born 9, 8, 1808. Died 12, 9, 1881. Married 11, 11, 1829. = AMOS LEWIS LUKENS (*see Lukens*).

Authorities: Friends' Records—Horsham, Abington and Gwynedd, Family Bible.

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Bolton.

I. EVERARD BOLTON,[1] from Ross, in Herefordshire, England, came to America 1682-3; settled in Cheltenham, Pennsylvania, having married, in England, Elizabeth ———. As he was an active member of the Society of Friends, and was Treasurer of the Abington Meeting for forty years, and also served as Justice of the Peace[2] for Bucks, 1715; was chosen Member of Assembly,[3] 1714. Elizabeth, his first wife, died 5 June, 1707, and he married, secondly, Margaret, widow of John Jones;[4] died 1726-7.

Children of Everard and Elizabeth Bolton:[5]

1. Everard, b. 3, 26, 1680, *of whom presently.*
2. Elizabeth, b. 6, 26, 1681., d. 8, 1749.
3. Hannah, b. 1684.
4. Mary, b. 1687.
5. Samuel, b. 1691.
6. Abel, b. 1691.
7. Sahra, b. 1693; m. John Biddle.
8. Lydia, b. 1695.
9. Isaac, b. 1697.
10. Rebecca, b. 1701.
11. Martha, b. 1703.
12. Child———.

II. EVERARD BOLTON, son of Everard and Elizabeth, was born 3, 26, 1680, at Ross, England; died 1617, in Pennsylvania. He was of Cheltenham, and married, 7, 1707, Mary, daughter of Robert Naylor, of Plymouth Township, Philadelphia County. Robert Naylor was of Plymouth, Philadelphia County, and died 1717; his will being dated May 1717; proved at Philadelphia, 17 May, 1717.[6]

[1] Hist. Byberry and Moreland, Martindale.
[2] Penna. Archives, IX, 745.
[3] Ibid.
[4] Old Richland Families, 102.
[5] Phila. Wills, E., 27.
[6] Ibid D., 71.

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Children of Everard and Mary Bolton:

1. Elizabeth.
2. Priscilla, m. Cornelius Conrad.
3. Samuel.
4. Mary.

Hallowell.

JOHN HALLOWELL, from Hucknow Sutton, Nottinghamshire, England, came to Pennsylvania 1683. = MARY, daughter of Thomas Sharpe, of Nottinghamshire, England.

THOMAS HALLOWELL, born 1, 6, 1679. Died 12, 14. 1734. = ROSAMOND, daughter of John Till, of Whitegreave, Staffordshire, England, Married 1701. Died 6, 13, 1745.

Her certificate of removal is dated 11, 2, 1700, and she came to Pennsylvania with her brother, William Till.

JOSEPH HALLOWELL, born 9, 23, 1719, of Whitemarsh, Pa. = SARAH, daughter of Reese Nanney, of Upper Merion. She was married 3, 18, 1742. Reese Nanney married 2, 14, 1714, Elizabeth, daughter of William and Ann Colston, of Merion. She was born 7, 27, 1690 in Merion.

WILLIAM HALLOWELL, of Whitemarsh. = MARY ROBERTS born 11, 5, 1753. Married 6, 17, 1777. Died 9, 23, 1786.

SARAH HALLOWELL, married 11, 17, 1807. = SAMUEL CONRAD (*see Conrad*).

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Roberts.

ROBERT CADWALADER,[1] removed to Pennsylvania 1699; settled at Gwynedd Died before 1719, at that place.

JOHN ROBERTS, born in Penllyn, Merionethshire, Wales, 1680. Died at Montgomery, Pennsylvania, 1773. = **Elizabeth Edward,** married at Merion Meeting 6, 7, 1706. Died prior 1773.

JOHN ROBERTS, born at Montgomery, Pennsylvania, 5, 28, 1714. Died at Whitpain, 10, 8, 1801. = **JANE HANKE,** born near Gwynedd, 1714. Married 3, 13, 1736. Died 1762. She was daughter of John Hanke, of near Gwynedd, who died May, 1731, and **Sarah Evans,** his wife, daughter of Cadwallader Evans, of Gwynedd (*see Evans*).

MARY ROBERTS, born near Gwynedd, Pennsylvania, 11, 5, 1753. Married 6, 17, 1777. Died 9, 23, 1786. = **WILLIAM HALLOWELL** (*see Hallowell*).

Gillam.

LUCAS GILLAM, of township of Middletown, county Bucks, Pennsylvania. Died after 1780. = **ANN,** daughter of Jeremiah ~~Dugan~~ Dungan. Married 6, 18, 1748, at Middletown Meeting.

SIMON GILLAM, of township of Middletown. Born 1, 24, 1759. Died 1823. = **ANNA,** daughter of William ~~Paxon~~ Paxson. Born 7, 4, 1762. Married 12, 11, 1783.

[1] Robert Cadwalader, the Gwynedd settler, was baptized at Llandderfel Church, Penllyn, Merionethshire, 2 January, 1638, and was son of Cadwalader ap Robert, of Llandderfel, baptized 6 February, 1612. Buried at Llandderfel, 4 January, 1670. Son of Robert Foulke, of Llandderfel, living 1612, son of Foulke ap Robert Lloyd, of Llandderfel. Died before 1591, son of Robert Lloyd ap David Lloyd, of Llandderfel, Penllyn, ap David ap Ievan Vychan ap Ievan ap Gruffydd ap Madog ap Iorwerth ap Madog ap Rhirid Flaidd, Lord of Penllyn.

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GILLAM ANCESTRY.

GILLIAM, or GILJAM, a Swede, and an early settler on the Delaware; died prior to 1677.

JELLIS GILJAMSON, of Salem, New Jersey, was there taxed 1677. He is mentioned in a dispute concerning Fenwick's Colony, 9 May, 1678, and there designated as residing "att ye East syde of this river" (the Delaware), with his brother, Garrett, under the surname of Gilliame; he had a deed for a plantation in West Fenwick Township, 30 August, 1676.

ROBERT GILLIAM, or GILLAM, of Salem, made his will 17 February, 1705-6; proved 16 March, 1705-6. He had wife Constant, and children; William, Lucas, (Robert?) Elizabeth, Evis and Ann. His wife, Constant's will was proved 31 March, 1798. She had been previously married to ..... Gambell, by whom she had a daughter, Elizabeth.

LUCAS GILLAM, born in Salem, circa. 1690; died intestate in Mansfield Township, Burlington County, West Jersey, 1743. Letters of Administration on his estate granted upon his estate, 30 May, 1743, to John Gillam, his brother and one of his principal creditors. The name of his first wife is not known. His second wife, to whom he was married in 1740, was Ann Indicott.

LUCAS GILLAM, born circa., 1720; removed to Bucks Country, Pennsylvania, and married Ann Dungan. (See other page).

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WILLIAM GILLAM, of township of Middletown. Born 10, 1, 1786. Died at Attleboro, Bucks Co., 12, 31, 1842. = SUSANNA, daughter of Jonathan Woolston. Born 11, 18, 1787. Married 11, 16, 1809. Died 8, 31, 1860.

HARVEY GILLAM, of township of Middletown. Born 7, 1, 1814. Died 2, 15, 1892. = HANNAH, daughter of James Hunt, of Darby, Pa. Married 3, 29, 1837.

WILLIAM HENRY GILLAM, of township of Middletown. Born 1, 8, 1841. Died 1, 19, 1879. = SARAH THOMAS Wilson, daughter of Jehu Wilson. Married 1, 8, 1868.

HANNAH GILLAM, only daughter. = HOWARD REIFSNYDER (*see Reifsnyder*).

Dungan.

I. WILLIAM DUNGAN, of London, England, died there in 1636. He married Frances (born in 1611, died in Newport, Rhode Island, September, 1677), daughter of Lewis Latham, of Elstow, Bedfordshire. She first married Mr. Weston; secondly, William Dungan; thirdly, Jeremiah Clarke, and fourthly William Vaughan. After the death of her second husband she came to New England with their four children:

1. Barbara, b. 1628.
2. William.
3. Frances, b. 1630.
4. Thomas, *of whom presently.*

The mother is buried in Newport Cemetery, the stone bearing the following inscription:

> "Here Lyeth ye Body of Mrs. Frances Vaughan, Alias Clarke, ye Mother of ye only Children of Capt'n Jeremiah Clarke. She dyed, ye 1st week in Sep. 1677 in ye 67th year of her Age."

II. REV. THOMAS DUNGAN, son of William and Frances, born in London; died in Bucks County,

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Pennsylvania, 1687. He was living in Newport, Rhode Island, 1651, 1656.

He was Deputy to the General Assembly at Newport, Rhode Island, April 30, 1678 and May 3, 1681, for East Greenwich. He came from Rhode Island to Southampton, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, 1684, and died there 1687.

In Records of Southampton Baptist Church he is mentioned as follows: "Thomas Dungan, an old Disciple and Minister from Rhode Island, came here and settled at Cold Spring, in the County of Bucks. Soon after the settlement of Lower Dublin, aforementioned, Thomas Dungan at Cold Spring died."

He organized and had charge of the Baptist Church at Southampton, the first one in Pennsylvania.

He married Elizabeth, daughter of Clement and Mary Weaver. His will, dated 12, 3, 1686; proved 11, 24, 1687, is recorded at Doylestown, Pa., Will Book A 1, page 36.

Children of Rev. Thomas and Elizabeth Dungan:

1. Thomas, m. Mary Drake.
2. Jeremiah, m. Deborah Drake.
3. John.
4. William, *of whom presently.*
5. Clement.
6. Elizabeth, m. ——— West.
7. Mary, m. ——— Richards.
8. Rebecca, m. ——— Doyle.
9. Sarah, m. ——— Kerrel.

III. WILLIAM DUNGAN, born in Rhode Island; died in Middletown, Bucks County, in 1713, son of Thomas and Elizabeth.

The "History of Bucks County" states that William Dungan settled in Bristol Township, Bucks County, in 1683. His warrant was dated August 4, 1682, nearly two months before Penn's arrival. He married, before

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Wing-Bachiler.

MATTHEW WING, of Banbury, Oxford, England. Died 1614. Will proved 4 Aug., 1630. = Rev. STEPHEN BACHILER. Born, England, 1561; St. Johns Coll., Oxford, 1581. Removed to New England; died, Eng., 1660.

REV. JOHN WING, Pastor of the Puritan Church at Middleborough, in Zeeland. Died in London, 1630. = DEBORAH BACHILER. Born 1592.

DANIEL WING. Born *circa.*, 1616. Died 1698. = HANNAH SWIFT, daughter of William, of Bocking, County Suffolk, England. Died at Sandwich, Mass., 1644.

NOTE.—REV. THOMAS DUNGAN, married Elizabeth (died 1690), daughter of Clement Weaver (born *circa.*, 1589; died 1683, and Mary Freeborn, his wife, daughter of William and Mary. William Freeborn was born 1594, and his wife, Mary, was born 1601; died 1670.

Lewis Latham was baptized 1609; died 1671. His portrait is owned by one of his descendents, William L. Elkins, of Philadelphia.

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1682, Deborah, daughter of Daniel Wing. His will, dated 8, 1, 1711; proved 12, 16, 1713, is recorded at Doylestown, Pa., Will Book I, page 1.

Children of William and Deborah Dungan:

1. Thomas.
2. Deborah.
3. Elizabeth.
4. William.
5. Jeremiah, *of whom presently.*

IV. JEREMIAH DUNGAN, [1]baptized at Pennypack Baptist Church, 15 September, 1714; died 7, 26, 1758, at Middletown, Bucks County, son of Jeremiah and Deborah. He married, to first, Sarah Smith, and they had one child:

ANN (Anna), m. 6, 18, 1748, at Middletown Meeting, Lucas Gillam.

Paxson.

I. WILLIAM PAXSON, of Bucks County, Pennsylvania, came from March Gibbon, County of Bucks, England, with his wife, Mary, and children. The Certificates from the Friends' Meeting in England of himself and his brother, James, were dated 2, 3, 1682. They were accompanied also by their brother, Henry, from Stowe, Oxfordshire, who lost his wife and son at sea.

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[1]Jeremiah became a Friend and a member of Middletown Meeting. His second marriage to Sarah Wildman, 8, 17, 1751, is recorded in the Monthly Meeting Records; also the date of his death.

Will of Jeremiah Dungan, of Middletown, in the County of Bucks. Wife, Sarah Dungan. Granddaughter, Susannah Gillam, chest of drawers, feather bed and furniture. Daughter, Ann Gillam, All and singular the residue of my personal estate. Wife, Sarah, daughter Ann and friend and brother, William Smith, Executors.

Signed, 3, 7, 1752.

Proved, 8, 4, 1758, at Doylestown Court House, Will Book 2, page 237.

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They spelled their name Paxton, and were among the earliest settlers in Bucks County. William Paxson died 10 mo., 1709; his wife died 6, 30, 1719.

Their children were:

1. Mary, b. 12, 19, 1678; m. Thomas Walmsley (Ancesters of Howard Reifsnyder).
2. William, b. 4, 4, 1685; *of whom presently.*

II. WILIAM PAXSON, of Bucks County, son of William and Mary, born 4, 4, 1685; died 2, 1733. He was a Member of Assembly from Bucks County, and served a number of years until his death in 1733. (Penn. Archives, Second Series, Vol. IX). He was also Justice of the Peace in 1723, 1725 and 1726.

William Paxon married Mary, daughter of Thomas and Rebecca Watson, of Falls, 2, 1711. His will, dated 17 January, 1731-2, was proved at Doylestown, 11 February, 1733, Will Book I, page 213.

Children of William and Anna Paxson:

1. William, b. 2, 29, 1712; *of whom presently.*
2. Mary, b. 1713.
3. Thomas, b. 1715.
4. John, b. 1717.
5. Henry, b. 1719.
6. James, b. 1721.
7. Deborah, b. 1723.

III. WILLIAM PAXSON, of Middletown, Bucks County, son of William and Mary, born 2, 29, 1712, died 2, 29, 1767. He was Overseer of the Poor in 1742, in Middletown, and married 1, 25, 1740, Anna, daughter of Thomas and Martha Marriott. The will of Anna Paxson, dated 1, 1, 1773, proved 1 June, 1773, at Doylestown.

Children of William and Mary Paxson:

1. Martha, b. 1740.
2. William, b. 1743.

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3. Joseph, b. 1744.
4. Phineas, b. 1746.
5. Thomas, b. 1748-9.
6. Mahlon, b. 1752.
7. Samuel, b. 1754.
8. Isaac, b. 1756.
9. Joshua, b. 1758.
10. Mary, b. 7, 4, 1762.
11. **Anna**, b. 7, 4, 1762, m. **Simon Gillam.**
12. Israel, b. 1765.

Watson.

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1. **THOMAS WATSON**, of Bucks County, came from Strawberry, Parish of Cockermouth, County Cumberland, England, with his wife, Rebecca (Mark) Watson, and their children, in 1702. They settled on a farm of 357 acres, near Oxford Valley, in Middletown Township, Bucks County, Pennsylvania.

He, later, removed to Bristol and brought a Certificate from Middletown to Falls Monthly Meeting in 1702, and died 8, 1738, and his wife, Rebecca, died 7, 1742.

Thomas Watson was a Justice of the Peace for Bucks County for a number of years. His will, dated 12, 13, 1737; proved 15 August, 1738, at Doylestown, Will Book I, page 254. His wife's will was proved 31 July, 1742, Will Book 2, page 14.

Children of Thomas and Rebecca Watson:

1. **Mary**, d. 9, 28, 1760. m. **William Paxson.**
2. Nathan.
3. Mary.
4. Mark, m. Ann Sotcher.
5. John, b. 1703.
6. Joseph, b. 1705.

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Marriott.

I. ISAAC MARRIOTT, of Burlington, New Jersey, came from Holborne, in London, son of Richard Marriott, of Wappingham, Northamptonshire. His Certificate from England is dated 12, 7, 1680.

He married, first, Joyce, who died in Burlington 7, 18, 1695. Secondly, 12, 2, 1699, daughter of Robert and Susannah Field, of Newtown. They were married in Queen's County, Long Island.

Children of Isaac and Joyce Marriott:

1. Isaac, b. 1682.
2. Samuel, b. 1684.
3. Anna, b. 1686.
4. Richard, b. 11, 3, 1688; d. 11, 19, 1688.
5. Joyce.
6. Thomas, b. 7, 4, 1691; *of whom presently.*
7. Jacob, b. 1693.

II. THOMAS MARRIOTT, of Bucks County, born in Burlington, New Jersey, 7, 4, 1691; died 11, 1, 1747, son of Isaac and Joyce. He married Martha, daughter of Joseph and Phoebe Kirkbride.[1] He resided in Bristol and attended Falls Monthly Meeting, where he was an Elder for nearly sixty years. He was a Member of Assembly, 1733, 1734 and 1738. His will, dated 11, 6, 1747; proved at Doylestown, 1, 20, 1748, Will Book 2, page 96.

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[1] KIRKBRIDE. Joseph Kirkbride, of Bucks County, Pennsylvania, was born in Kirkbride, Cumberland County, England, 29 July, 1663; died in Falls Township, Bucks County, 1 January, 1738. He was the son of Mahlon Kirkbride and Magdalen, his wife, who were married 1652, and came to Pennsylvania in the "Welcome," with Penn, in 1682. He was a Justice of the Peace 1708, 1722, also Commissioner, 1730, 1734, and a Member of Assembly for five terms from 1698. He married, first, 14 March, 1688, Phoebe; daughter of Randal and Alice Blackshaw; secondly, Mary ——; and died 1747. Randal Blackshaw was from Cheshire, and came to Pennsylvania in the ship "Submission," 1682, and settled in Bucks County.

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Children of Thomas and Martha Marriott:

1. Isaac, b. 1715.
2. Thomas, b. 1717-18.
3. Mary, b. 1719.
4. Joseph.
5. Anna, m. William Paxson; she died 5, 1, 1773.

Woolston.

I. JOHN WOOLSTON came in the "Kent," and settled at Burlington, New Jersey. They arrived at Newcastle, Delaware 26 August, 1676. He was one of the Proprietors of New Jersey, and married Hannah, daughter of William and Margaret Cooper, at Burlington Monthly Meeting, 1681. He died 3, 3, 1698.

Children of John and Hannah Woolston:

1. Jonathan, b. 5, 1682; *of whom presently.*
2. Hannah, b. 1684.
3. Samuel, b. 1685-6.
4. Mary, b. 1688.
5. Sarah, b. 1690.
6. Rebecca, b. 1691.
7. Elizabeth, b. 1795.

II. JONATHAN WOOLSTON, of Middletown, formerly of Burlington, New Jersey, son of John and Hannah, b. 5, 1690; died 7, 29, 1741. He brought a Certificate from Burlington Monthly Meeting to Horsham, Pennsylvania, dated 5, 12, 1712. He was Coroner of Bucks County from 1726-30, and married, 4, 19, 1707, at Middletown Monthly Meeting, Sarah, daughter of Thomas and Grace Pearson.[1] His will, dated 20 Sep-

[1] **Thomas Pearson**, of Keighly, Yorkshire, England, married 2, 24, 1679, Grace Veepon, daughter of John (died 11, 24, 1702) and Elizabeth, his wife (died 2, 15, 1681), of Breercliff Lanes. He had a Certificate from Marsden, Lancastershire, dated 12, 16, 1698, for himself, wife and children. They took passage for Pennsylvania on the ship "Britannia," and both died at sea. Their daughter, Sarah, born 8, 15, 1684; died 8, 11, 1734, married Jonathan Woolston, as above.

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tember, 1741; proved 7 October 1741; at Doylestown. Will Book 2, page 12.

Children of Jonathan and Grace Woolston:

1. John, b. 1708.
2. Thomas, b. 1709.
3. Jonathan, b. 1711.
4. Hannah, b. 1713.
5. Grace, b. 1715.
6. Sarah, b. 1716.
7. Elizabeth, b. 1718.
8. Margery, b. 6, 3, 1721.
9. Samuel, b. 6, 3, 1721; *of whom presently.*
10. Jeremiah, b. 1723.
11. Mary, b. 1725.
12. Benjamin, b. 1727.

III. SAMUEL WOOLSTON, of Middletown, son of Jonathan and Sarah, born 6, 3, 1721; died 3, 28, 1798. He married 8, 27, 1742, Hannah, daughter of Jonathan and Sarah Palmer.

Children of Samuel and Hannah Woolston:

1. Sarah, b. 1745.
2. Elizabeth, b. 1747.
3. Jonathan, b. 3, 20, 1749; *of whom presently.*
4. Margery, b. 1751.

IV. JONATHAN WOOLSTON, son of Samuel and Hannah, born 3, 20, 1749; died 10, 22, 1828.

He married 5, 18, 1774, Elizabeth, daughter of Henry and Mary Harvey, of Upper Makefield, Bucks County.

Children of Jonathan and Elizabeth Woolston:

1. Mary, b. 1775.
2. Hannah, b. 1779.
3. Elizabeth, b. 1782.
4. Sarah, b. 1785.
5. Susanna, b. 11, 18, 1787; m. William Gillam.
6. Jonathan, b. 1791.
7. Samuel, b. 1793.

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Cooper.

I. WILLIAM COOPER,[1] of Camden, New Jersey, came from Coleshill, Herefordshire, England, where he was born 1632, and settled, with his wife, Margaret, and five children, at Pine Point, New Jersey, early in 1679. He died 12, 3, 1709-10.

Children of William and Margaret Cooper:

1. William, b. 1660.
2. Hannah, b. 21 September, 1662; m. John Woolston.
3. Joseph, b. 1666.
4. James, b. 1670.
5. Daniel, b. 1673.

Palmer.

I. JONATHAN PALMER, from Cleineland, in Yorkshire, England, with his wife, Christiana, arrived in the ship "Providence," of Scarborough, 9, 10, 1683. They settled at Falls, Bucks County. John died 6, 11, 1726. Christiana died 7, 28, 1740. The births of the following children are recorded in the "Great Brass-bound Bible at the old Mansion House, near the Falls of Delaware, in Bucks County, Pennsylvania."

[1] William Cooper was present at the treaty of Penn with the Indians at Shackamaxon, opposite his house. He was one of the Members of Assembly from the Third, or Irish Tenth, in 1682-3, and also in 1685. In 1687 he was appointed by the Assembly of the province one of the Council of Proprietors. He was a Commissioner for the division of lands.

In 1694 he was appointed Judge for the County Court of Gloucester and continued in that capacity for several years.

His position among Friends is set forth in the testimony issued by the meeting after his death as "having been raised to his gift of exhortation in Hartfordshire, England, and lived here in Godly conversation, exercising his gift in the meeting at Newton, whereunto he belonged, to the benefit of God's people, until it pleased God to remove him. As he lived so he died, in unity with Friends and in full assurance of his eternal well-being."

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Children of Jonathan and Christiana Palmer:

1. Hannah, b. 1684.
2. Dinah, b. 1685.
3. Margaret, b. 1687.
4. Naomi, b. 1688.
5. Jonathan, b. 9, 20, 1690; *of whom presently.*
6. David, b 1692.
7. Ruth, b. 1693.
8. John, b. 1696.
9. James, b. 1698.
10. Rachael, b. 1699.
11. Margaret, b. 1701.
12. Daniel, b. 1703.
13. Amos, b. 1705.
14. Christiana, b. 1705.

II. **JONATHAN PALMER**, of Falls Township, Bucks County, son of Jonathan and Christiana, born 9, 20, 1690; died 9, 24, 1765. He married Sarah, born 4, 9, 1692; died 7, 6, 1731, widow of John Simcock.

Children of Jonathan Palmer:

1. Hannah, b. 12, 8, 1723; m. Samuel Woolston.
2. Elizabeth, b. 1725.
3. John, b. 1727.
4. Jonathan, b. 1729.

Jonathan Palmer, Sr., married secondly, Jael Blakey, widow of William Blakey, and his will, dated 4, 24, 1763; proved 2 October, 1765, at Doylestown, Will Book 3, page 126.

Carpenter.

I. **SAMUEL CARPENTER** was born in Horsham Parish, Surrey, England, 4 November, 1649 (being the son of John Carpenter and Mary, his wife, and grandson

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of Robert Carpenter), died in Philadelphia 2, 10, 1714. He emigrated to the Barbadoes, and settled in Philadelphia in 1682-3. He was a Friend and associate of William Penn, and was, probably, at one time, one of the wealthiest men in the Province. There is extant a letter of his of the year 1705 to Jonathan Dickinson, offering for sale part of his estate, wherein he says: "I would sell my house and granary on the wharf (above Walnut Street), where I lived last, and the wharves and the warehouse. Also the globe and long vault adjacent. I have three-sixteenths of 5000 acres of land and a mine, called Pickering's mine. I have sold my house, over against David Lloyd's (the site of the present Bank of Pennsylvania), and the Coffee House (at or near Walnut and Front Streets), also my half of Darby Mills." Besides the foregoing, he owned the estate called "Bristol Mills," worth 5000 pounds; the island against Burlington of 350 acres. At Poquessing Creek, 15 miles from the city, he had 5000 acres; he owned about 380 acres at Sepviser plantation, a part of Fairhill, but he lost much by the war of 1703.

Samuel Carpenter was Provincial Treasurer of Pennsylvania in 1704, 1710, 1711 and 1713, until his death.

He was also a Member of the Provincial Council 1687, 1688, 1689, 1695, 1697 and 1713; Deputy to the Governor, 1694 and 1698.

He married 12, 12, 1684, Hannah Hardiman, who was born in 1646, in South Wales, and who died 5, 24, 1728.

Children of Samuel and Hannah Carpenter:

1. Hannah, b. 1686.
2. Samuel, Jr., b. 9 December, 1688; *of whom presently.*
3. Joshua, b. 1689; d. young.
4. John, b. 1690.
5. Rebecca, b. 1692.
6. Joseph, d. young.
7. Abraham, d. young.

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II. **SAMUEL CARPENTER**, son of Samuel and Hannah, born in Philadelphia, 9 February, 1688; died November, 1748.

He was a merchant in Philadelphia and employed in the affairs of the Provincial government, being a Member of the Common Council of Philadelphia, Justice of the Peace, and Trustee of the Loan Office.

He married Hannah Preston in 1711.

Children of Samuel and Hannah Carpenter:

1. Samuel, d. in Jamaica, 1747.
2. Rachel, b. 1716.
3. Preston, b. 28 October, 1721; *of whom presently.*
4. Hannah. m. Samuel Shoemaker.
5. Thomas, d. unmarried.

III. **PRESTON CARPENTER**, son of Samuel and Hannah, born 9, 28, 1721; d. 10, 20, 1785. He married, first, 17 October, 1742, Hannah Smith, born 21 December, 1723, daughter of Samuel Smith and Hannah Pile, daughter of John Pile, son of Thomas Pile, of Salem County, New Jersey.

Preston Carpenter removed from Philadelphia to Salem, and continued to reside there until his death. He was a Commissioner of the Loan Office, Justice of the Peace in 1763 and 1770, and Judge of the Circuit Court.

He married, secondly, Hannah Cripps, widow of Samuel Mason. They had no children.

Children of Preston and Hannah Carpenter:

1. Hannah, b. 1743.
2. Samuel Preston, b. 1745; d. young.
3. Elizabeth, b. 1748; m. Ezra Firth.
4. Rachel, b. 1749; d. young.
5. Mary, b. 1750.
6. Thomas, b. 1752.
7. William, b. 11, 1, 1754; *of whom presently.*
8. Margaret, b. 1756.
9. John, d. young.
10. Martha, b. 1760.

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IV. WILLIAM CARPENTER, son of Preston and Hannah, born in Mannington, Salem County, New Jersey, 1 November, 1754; died 12 January 1837. He married, first, 29 May, 1782, Elizabeth Wyatt, born 3, 12, 1763; died 1, 11, 1790, daughter of Bartholomew and Mary (Hunt) Wyatt; secondly, 12, 2, 1801, Mary Rodman, and left heirs.

William Carpenter served in the American Revolution from Salem County, New Jersey. ("Officers and Men of New Jersey in the Revolutionary War," page 533).

Children of William and Elizabeth Carpenter:

1. **Mary, b. 6, 26, 1783; d. 5, 29, 1836; m. James Hunt.**
2. **Hannah, b. 1785; d. young.**

Preston.

I. RICHARD PRESTON, came from England, probably, in the year 1635, and settled in Norfolk, Virginia. He died 1699.

He belonged to the Church of England, but became a Puritan, and subsequently a Friend.

In 1649 he left Virginia and settled in Patuxent, Calvert County, Maryland. Neill says that Richard Preston came to Maryland, in 1649, with seven of his family, and entered land for 73 persons. Five hundred acres were surveyed to him. Richard Preston was one of the Governor's Council in 1652, and Commander on the north side of Patuxent River. He was a Member of Assembly before 1659, and a Representative from Calvert County, from year to year until the last session of 1666. At the sessions held 18 April, 1661, he was presented as the Speaker of the Lower House.

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In 1663 Governor Charles Calvert, in a letter to Lord Baltimore, calls Richard Preston "the Great Quaker."

Children of Richard and Margaret Preston:

1. Richard; *of whom presently.*
2. James.
3. Samuel.
4. Naomi.
5. Margaret.
6. Rebecca.
7. Sarah.

II. **RICHARD PRESTON,** son of Richard and Margaret, came to Maryland with his parents 1649. He died 1699.

He married Margaret ———. Richard Preston, Jr., is recorded as representing Dorchester County on the Eastern Shore of Maryland, in the year 1669, that being the first year of the organization of the county. He had issue:

III. **SAMUEL PRESTON,** born in Pautuxent, Maryland, in 1665 and died in Philadelphia 10 September, 1743. He resided in Sussex, Delaware, which county he represented in the Assembly in 1701. He subsequently removed to Philadelphia.

He was Provincial Treasurer from 1714-1743; also, Member of the Provincial Council, 1700-1709; Master of the Court of Chancery 1720; Mayor of Philadelphia 1712. With his two brothers-in-law, Richard Hill and William Fishbourne, he ran their vessel past the fort at Newcastle, Delaware, captured the pursuing Commandant, conveyed him to Salem, New Jersey, and surrendered him to Lord Cornbury, thus abolishing an unjust tax of Governor Evans.

Samuel Preston married, first, 6 July, 1688, Rachel

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(born 20 January, 1667-8), daughter of Deputy Governor Thomas Lloyd, of Dolobran.

They had issue:

1. **Hannah**, b. 1693; d. 1772; m. **Samuel Carpenter.**

Lloyd of Dolobran.

I. CELYNIN, of Llwydiarth, Montgomeryshire. He slew the Mayor of Caermarthen and fled to Montgomeryshire.

Celynin became steward to Charleton, Lord Powys. His eldest son and heir was:

II. EINION AP CELYNIN, of Llwydiarth. John de Charleton, Lord of Powys, granted unto Einion on the Thursday after the Decolation of St. John the Baptist, 14 Edward III [1330], Weston in the Ville of Pennayrth, in Glas Meynoc. He married the daughter of Adda ap Meyric, rector of Meifod, and had a son:

III. LLEWELYN AP EINION, of Llwydiarth; mentioned in a grant 7 May, 7 Henry V, whereby Edward de Charleton, Lord Powys, pardoned his (Llewelyn's) grandson, Griffith ap Jenkin ap Llewelyn for complicity in the rebellion of Owen Glendower. He married Lleuca, the daughter of Griffith ap Edneved Lloyd. They had:

IV. DAVID AP LLEWELYN, who married twice; his first wife was Mary, daughter of Griffith Gôch. David ap Llewellyn married, secondly, Medisis, daughter of Griffith Deuddwr, and had (by second wife):

V. IEVEN TEG, of Dolobran. He married Maud, daughter of Evan Blayney, of Castle Blayney in Ireland, and had:

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VI. **OWEN**, of Dolobran, who was the first of the family who took the surname of *Lloyd*. He married Katherine, daughter of Raynalt, son of Sir Griffith Vaughan, Knight Banneret, of Agincourt, and had:

VII. **EVAN LLOYD**, of Dolobran, the eldest son, married Gwenhwyvar, daughter of Meredith Lloyd, of Meifod, by whom he had:

VIII. **DAVID LLOYD**, of Dolobran (born 1523), the eldest son who appears under the name of *"DD. Lloid ap Ieu'n (Eyan) ap Owen, Gentleman,"* on Grand Juries, in the County of Montgomery, 34 Henry VIII [A.D. 1542]. He married, first, Eva, daughter of Edward Price, of Eglusig, by whom he had no issue; and secondly, Eva, daughter of Evan David Gôch, son of Jenkin Vaughan, of Bodfach, and had:

IX. **DAVID LLOYD**, of Dolobran (born 1549). He appears in County Grand Juries in 8th, 19th, 20th, 23d and 25th of Elizabeth, and as *"David ap DD. Lloyd, of Dolobran, Gentleman,"* in the 34th of Elizabeth. He married Ales, daughter of David Lloyd, of Llanarmon Mynydd Mawr, descended from Ririd Flaidd, Lord of Penllyn, and had:

X. **JOHN LLOYD**, of Dolobran (born 1575), who married Katharine, the daughter and coheiress of Humphrey Wynn, of Dyffryn, son of the above named John Wynn, of Dyffryn, by his wife Margaret, daughter of Sir Roger Kynaston. "We kept his abode at Coedcowryd, and wainscoted the parlour thereof and lived there in great state, having twenty-four men with halberts to attend him to Meivod Church, and placed them in his great pew under the pulpit. He also bought Owen John Humphrey's estate in Meivod." He appears as *"Johes Lloyd, gen.,* on the County Grand Jury, 8 James I, and as *"Johes Lloyd, of Dolobran, gen."* 20 James I, and as

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"Johes Lloyd, of Dolobran, Ar.," as a grand juror or magistrate in 2nd, 4th and 9th Charles I. He was succeeded by his son:

XI. CHARLES LLOYD (I), of Dolobran (born 1613), who married Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Stanley, of Knockin, in the County of Salop (son of Sir Edward Stanley, son of Sir Foulk Stanley, son of Sir Piers Stanley, son of Sir Rowland Stanley, brother of Lord Stanley, of Knockin). "He lived at Dolobran Hall, and enlarged the same by adding to it the timber buildings on the north side thereof, making the said hall's platform to resemble the figure of a capital L.'

He died in 1657, and his burial is thus entered in Mevoid Register:

"Burials, 1657. } *Charles Lloyd, Esq., of Dolobran, was buried 17 day August.*

His will was dated 17 June, 1641.

He had three sons:

1. Charles, b. 9 Dec., 1637, of Dolobran; the Quaker, grad. Oxford, M.D.
2. John, of Jesus College, Oxford, grad. M.D.; clerk in Chancery.
3. Thomas, Dep. Gov. Penna.

XII. THOMAS LLOYD, third son of Charles Lloyd of Dolobran, Montgomeryshire, and Elizabeth, his wife, born at Dolobran, April 17, 1640; died in Pennsylvania, Sept. 10, 1694. He married, first, Nov. 9, 15, May, daughter of Colonel Roger (or Gilbert) Jones, of Welshpool, Governor of Dublin in reign of James II. She died 1682, and was the first person buried in Friends' Burial Ground, Corner of Fourth and Mulberry Streets, Philadelphia. [D. Logan's MSS. 2, 218].

He married, secondly, Patience Story, widow, but had no issue by her. Thomas Lloyd joined Penn in the

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colonization of Pennsylvania, 11, 2, and was Deputy Governor of the Province and President of the Council 1681, 1688, 1690, 1691.

Thomas Lloyd had issue (*inter alia*) by his first wife:

XIII. RACHEL LLOYD, born 1667, who married **Samuel Preston.**

Wyatt Family.

I. BARTHOLOMEW WYATT (Wiatt), was born in Worcestershire, England, and died about 1728. He resided near Mannington Creek, where he purchased 12,000 acres.

A member of the Society of Friends, he was one of the largest contributors to the fund for the erection of the Friends' Meeting House in Salem.

He was a Member and Speaker of the Assembly and a Justice of the Peace. He married, at Burlington Meeting, 1693, Sarah, daughter of Robert Ashton, of Chelsea, Delaware County, Pennsylvania.

Children of Bartholomew and Sarah Wyatt:

1. **Bartholomew, Jr.;** *of whom presently.*
2. Elizabeth, b. 1706.

II. BARTHOLOMEW WYATT, son of Bartholomew and Sarah Wyatt, was born in Salem County, 1, 4, 1696-7; died 1, 23, 1770.

He married, about 1730, Elizabeth Tomlinson, who was born 11, 1, 1707, near Haddonfield, New Jersey; died before 1770.

Children of Bartholomew and Sarah Wyatt:

1. **Bartholomew;** *of whom presently.*
2. Sarah, b. 5, 6, 1733; m. Richard Wistar.

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III. BARTHOLOMEW WYATT, son of Bartholomew and Elizabeth, born in Salem County, New Jersey, 5, 20, 1731; died 6, 19, 1786.

In physical appearance he was tall and remarkably pleasing in his address, and was considered one of the best English scholars of his time. He was a Friend and and gave largely to the poor and needy. He died at the age of 50 years.

Bartholomew Wyatt married, thirdly, Mary, who died 4, 4, 1764.

Their daughter was:

Elizabeth, b. 3, 12, 1763; m. William Carpenter.

Hunt.

I. JAMES HUNT, of Kingsessing Township, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, died 1, 31, 1717. He married, first, 9, 10, 1686, Elizabeth Bonsall, who died 6, 28, 1703, and, secondly, in 1707, Sarah Wildman.

Children of James and Elizabeth Hunt:

1. Ann, b. 1688.
2. James, b. 2, 14, 1691; *of whom presently.*

II. JAMES HUNT, of Kingsessing, son of James and Elizabeth, was born 2, 14, 1691; died 1743. He removed to Darby in 1735, and was Overseer there 1738, and Constable 1741. He married, 1712, Rebecca Faucett. She removed to Philadelphia Meeting 2, 1, 1747; died 1770.

Children of James and Rebecca Hunt:

1. John; *of whom presently.*
2. Mary.
3. Elizabeth.
4. Hannah.

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III. JOHN HUNT, of Kingsessing, died 1, 6, 1791, son of James and Rebecca Hunt. He married 9, 22, 1738, Elizabeth (born 7, 15, 1719), daughter of Samuel and Sarah Sellers.

Children of John and Elizabeth Hunt:

1. Sarah, b. 1739-40.
2. Rebecca, b. 1742-3.
3. James, b. 1745; d. 1747.
4. James, 2d; b. 1750.
5. Elizabeth, b. 1756.
6. John, b. 8, 18, 1753; *of whom presently.*
7. Ann, b. 1763.

IV. JOHN HUNT, JR., son of John and Elizabeth Hunt, born 8, 18 1753; died 8, 16, 1836. He settled in Lower Darby 1786, and in 1793 was Overseer of the Poor; also Constable. He married Rachel (born 1762; died 2, 15, 1845), daughter of Joseph and Hannah Gibbons.

Children of John and Rachel Hunt:

1. James, b. 9, 30, 1779; *of whom presently.*
2. Joseph, b. 1782.
3. Gibbons, b. 1784.
4. Hannah, b. 1786.
5. Naomi, b. 1788.
6. John, b. 1791.
7. Rachel, b. 1794.

V. JAMES HUNT, of Darby, son of John and Rachel, born 9, 30, 1779; died 5, 30, 1832. He married, 4, 22, 1800, Mary Wyatt, born 6, 26, 1783; died 5, 29, 1836, daughter of William and Elizabeth Carpenter.

Children of James and Mary W. Hunt:

1. Elizabeth, b. 1801.
2. Rachel, b. 1803.
3. Mary, b. 1805.
4. Hannah, b. 1807; d. young.
5. John, b. 1810.

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6. Naomi, b. 1812.
7. William, b. 1814.
8. Hannah, b. 4, 28, 1817; m. Harvey Gillam.
9. Sarah, b. 1819.
10. James, b. 1829.

Sellers.

I. SAMUEL SELLERS, from Belper, Derbyshire, England, 1682; settled in Darby Township, Chester County, Pennsylvania. He took up 100 acres of land, and married, 8, 1684, Anna, daughter of Henry and Helen Gibbons, who came from Parividge, Derbyshire. They were the first couple married in Darby Meeting. He was Constable of Darby 1688, and died 11, 22, 1732; his wife died 8, 19, 1742. They had six children. One of them was:

II. SAMUEL SELLERS, born 12, 3, 1690; married 8, 12, 1712, Sarah, daughter of John and Eleanor Smith, from Harby, Leicestershire, England. She died June 3, 1773.

Children of Samuel and Sarah Sellers:

1. Elizabeth, b. 7, 15, 1719; m. John Hunt.

Other issue.

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Wilson.

DAVID WILSON, of Middletown, Bucks Co., Pa., to which place he removed, from Providence, in Chester Co., 1716. Died 5, 20, 1768, aged 77 years. Will dated 16 May, 1678; proved 6 June, 1768, Doylestown, Pa. = GRACE, daughter of Thomas Stackhouse.

JONATHAN WILSON, of Northampton, Bucks Co. Born 10, 19, 1728. Died 1807. Will dated 10, 28, 1806. Proved 1, 23, 1807, at Doylestown, Will Book 7, page 253. = SARAH, daughter of Thomas Mardon. Born 4, 20, 1739. Married at Wrightstown, 4, 25, 1759. Died 1, 13, 1815.

JACOB WILSON, of Byberry, Philadelphia Co. Born 6, 15, 1764. Died 9, 30, 1814. Will dated 7, 9, 1814. Proved at Philadelphia 22 October, 1814. = REBECCA, daughter of —— Thomas. Born 2, 28, 1759. Married at Horsham 1786. Died 11, 25, 1842.

MARDON WILSON, of Middletown, Bucks Co. Born 1, 6, 1789. Died near Wilmington, Delaware, 8, 18, 1874; buried at Laurel Hill, Philadelphia. = ANN, daughter of Cornelius Dewees.

JEHU WILSON, of Middletown, Bucks County. Born 7, 15, 1816. Died 7, 11, 1890. = HANNAH, daughter of Jonathan Thomas. Born 6, 15, 1815. Married 4, 8, 1840. Died 5, 15, 1898.

SARAH THOMAS WILSON, = WILLIAM HENRY GILLAM (first husband). She married, secondly, 12, 4, 1884, Charles J. Taylor.

Stackhouse.

I. THOMAS STACKHOUSE, was born in Yorkshire, England, died in Middletown, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, 4, 26, 1744. He settled there about 1682 and was assessed for 507 acres in 1702. He was Justice

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of the Peace for Bucks County in 1711-15, and was re-elected in 1716 but refused to serve. (Pennsylvania Archives, Second Series, Vol. IX; page 755-56). Also, Collector of Money granted to the Proprietor, William Penn, in 1704. (Ibid, page 743), and was a Member of Assembly for 1711-13. He married, first, 7, 27, 1688, Grace (born 1, 14, 1667; died 8, 8, 1708), daughter of Robert and Alice Heaton; and, secondly, 1, 1, 1711, Ann Mays, who died 1724; he married, thirdly, Dorothy ——.

Children of Thomas and Grace Stackhouse:

1. Robert, b. 1692.
2. Henry, b. 1694.
3. Grace, b. 11, 7, 1696; m. David Wilson.
4. Alice, b. 1699; m. Dr. Euelydes Longshore.
5. Thomas, b. 1701.
6. Joseph, b. 1703.
7. Benjamin, b, 1705.

Heaton.

I. ROBERT HEATON brought a Certificate from Settle, England, 4, 7, 1682, to Middletown Monthly Meeting, for himself and wife. He settled in Neshaminy, Bucks County, and died 1717.

In the survey of 1702 he owned 1,088 acres of land.

He was a Member of Assembly from Bucks County, 1698-1700.

He married Alice ———, who died 2, 5, 1727; buried at Middletown. Their children, all born in England, were:

Children of Robert and Alice Heaton:

1. Grace, b. 1, 14, 1667; d. 8, 8, 1708; m. Thomas Stackhouse.
2. Robert, b. 1671.
3. James, b. 1674.
4. Agnes, b. 1677.
5. Ephraim, b. 1679.

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Walton.

I. WILLIAM WALTON came from England to Newcastle, Delaware, in 1675; died 12, 9, 1736-7.

He settled at Byberry, Philadelphia County.

William Walton married Sarah Howell, 4, 20, 1689, and lived in Byberry, near the present residence of Thomas Lees.

He was the first preacher of Byberry Meeting after the Keithain separation, and continued the principal, if not the only one, for the next forty years.

Children of William and Sarah Walton:

1. Rachel.
2. Isaac.
3. Jeremiah.
4. John.
5. Sarah.
6. William.
7. Abel.
8. Job (ancester of Howard Reifsnyder).
9. Hannah, m. first, Thomas Walmsley, Jr.; secondly, Thomas Mardon.
10. Mary.

Dewees.

I. WILLIAM DEWEES (died 1745), of Philadelphia County, married Anna Christian ——.

Their Children were:

1. Christian.
2. Margaret.
3. Henry.
4. Cornelius; *of whom presently.*
5. Mary.
6. Philip.
7. Garrett.

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II. CORNELIUS DEWEES, son of William and Anna, lived at West Caln, Chester County, and was buried there in Friends' Graveyard in 1804. He married Sarah (born in Chester County, died in Mt. Pleasant, Ohio, in 1820), daughter of Thomas Paine, of Chester Valley, and Hanna (or Ann) Pim, born 4, 18, 1723; died 1786.

Children of Cornelius and Sarah Dewees:

1. Hannah, m. Robert Sagers, of Philadelphia.
2. William, m. 12, 12, 1810, at West Caln Meeting, Debe Hoopes.
3. Rebecca, m. 5, 14, 1811, Aaron Packer.
4. Ann, b. at West Caln, 8, 28, 1791; d. 5, 15, 1859; m. 10, 4, 1815, Mardon Wilson.
5. Sarah, m. John Shallcross.

Pim.

I. RICHARD PIM, of Leicestershire, England, before 1600. He removed to Ireland about 1655, and had:

II. WILLIAM PIM, who, with his family, also removed to Ireland in the same year, and left issue:

III. JOHN PIM, born in Leicestershire, England; married, 1663, Mary Pleadwell, and lived at Montrath, Ireland. He had eleven children, of whom the eldest was:

IV. MOSES PIM, born 7, 19, 1664, who married Ann, daughter of Christopher and Philippa Raper, and had by her:

V. WILLIAM PIM, who was born in Lackah, Ireland, 11, 15, 1692; married 11, 21, 1715, Dorothy, daughter of Thomas and Dorothy Jackson.

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He came to Pennsylvania in 1730, and settled in East Caln Township, where Dorothy died 1, 15, 1732. Secondly he married Ann ———, and died 10, 11, 1751. He was for many years the Clerk of the Bradford Meeting, and was also the Justice of the Peace for Chester County, 11, 22, 1738; 5, 19, 1749; 4, 4, 1741; 12, 17, 1745. ("Pennsylvania Archives," Second Series, Volume IX, pages 678, 679).

Children of William and Dorothy Pim:

1. **Moses.**
2. **Sarah.**
3. **Thomas.**
4. **Hannah** (or Ann), b. 4, 18, 1723; d. 1786; m. **Thomas Paine.**
5. **Richard.**
6. **Mary.**

Thomas.

I. **ELISHA THOMAS**, of Moreland, Montgomery County, married Ann ——, and had:

II. **JONATHAN THOMAS**, born 1, 16, 1776, in Cheltenham, Philadelphia; died 4, 6, 1858. He lived in Northern Liberties, Philadelphia, and married, first, Keziah Stokes, 2, 16, 1804, and secondly, 11, 7, 1808, Sarah (born 10, 13, 1781; died, 6, 4, 1858), daughter of Benjamin and Ann Mather.

Children of Jonathan and Sarah Thomas:

1. Ann Mather, b. 1810; m. Joseph W. Reeves.
2. Richard, b. 1812; m. Matilda Poole.
3. Hannah, b. 6, 15, 1815; d. 5, 15, 1898; m. Jehu Wilson.
4. Jane Shoemaker, b. 1817.
5. Elizabeth, b. 1818; m. Jesse Comfort.

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Mather.

I. RICHARD MATHER, of Cheltenham, Philadelphia County; born 11, 25, 1700; died 7, 15, 1776; married Sarah —— (born 7, 23, 1733; died 2, 28, 1777.

Children of Richard and Sarah Mather:

1. Joseph. b. 1728.
2. Bartholomew, b. 1729-30.
3. Elizabeth, b. 1731.
4. Sarah, . 1735.
5. Benjamin, b. 1737; *of whom presently.*
6. Mary, b. 1739.
7. Isaac, b. 1741.
8. E sther, . 1745.
9. Hannah, b. 1747.

II. BENJAMIN MATHER, of Cheltenham; born 9, 15, 1737; died 11, 20, 1822, son of Richard and Ann; married at Byberry Meeting, 6, 17, 1771, Ann Thomas, born 1, 4, 1757; died 5, 9, 1813, daughter of Jonathan and Martha Thomas.

Children of Benjamin and Ann Mather:

1. Jonathan, b. 1779.
2. Sarah, b. 10, 13, 1781.
3. Richard, b. 1783.
4. Benjamin, b. 1786.
5. Joseph, b. 1793.

Thomas.

I. DANIEL THOMAS, of Abington, Philadelphia County, married Catharine, daughter of Evan Morris, of Abington.

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Children of Daniel and Catharine Thomas:

1. Evan, b. 6, 30, 1706; *of whom presently.*
2. Sarah, b. 1708.
3. Hannah, b. 1709.
4. Daniel, b. 1711.
5. Caleb, b. 1713.
6. Susanna, b. 1716.
7. Morris, b. 1718.
8. Benjamin, b. 1720.
9. Catharine, b. 1721-2.

II. EVAN THOMAS, of Byberry, Philadelphia County, son of Daniel and Catharine Thomas; born 6, 30, 1706; died 1746. He married Rachel ——.

Children of Evan and Rachel Thomas:

1. Jonathan, b. 9, 10, 1718; *of whom presently.*
2. Elizabeth, b. 1720-1.
3. Evan, b. 1724-5.
4. David, b. 1727.
5. Martha b. 1730.
6. Mary, b. 1732.
7. Ann, b. 1734.
8. Phoebe, b. 1743.

III. JONATHAN THOMAS, of Lower Dublin, born 9, 10, 1718; son of Evan and Rachel. He married Martha ——.

Children of Jonathan and Martha Thomas:

1. Mary, b. 1743.
2. Rachel, b, 1745-6
3. Martha, b. 1747-8.
4. Hannah, b. 1751.
5. Ann, b. 1, 4, 1757; d. 5, 9, 1813; m. **Benjamin Mather.**
6. Phoebe.
7. Grace.

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Families from whom Descent is Derived.

Reifsnyder 1, Longacre 10, Klotz 10, Schell 11, Lukens 12, Tyson 13, Pennington 14, Michener 14, Lloyd 17, Harker 17, Walton 18, Paxon 18, Howell 18, Walmsley 18, Lewis 19, Potts 19, Tyson 19, Hubbs 20, Evans 21, Puleston 25, Morris 27, Ellis 30, Salisbury 35, Herbert 35, Lloyd 35, Humphreys 37, Burgh 41, Corbet 42, De la Pole 42, Plantagenet 49, De Bohun 49, De Badelsmer 49, Fitz Alan 50, Goushill 51, Stanley 53, Troutbeck 53, Griffith 57, Dalton 57, Puleston 58, Gwyn 59, Powell 59, Conrad 59, Streypers 59, Tyson 59, Baker 59, Bolton 60, Naylor, 60, Hallowell 61, Sharpe 61, Till 61, Nanney 61, Colston 61, Roberts 62 Edward 62, Hanke 62, Evans 62, Gillam 62, Dungan 63, Latham 63, Weaver 63, 64, Wing 63, 64, Bachilor 63 (facing), Smith 65, Paxon 65, Watson 67, Mark 67, Marriott 68, Kirkbride 68, Blackshaw 68, Woolston 69, Pearson 69, Harvey 70, Cooper 71, Palmer 71, Carpenter 72, Hardiman 73, Smith, 74, Pile 74, Preston 75, Lloyd 77, Blayney 77, Vaughan 78, Kynaston 78, Stanley 79, Wyatt 80, Ashton 80, Tomlinson 80, Hunt 81, Bonsall 81, Faucett 81, Gibbons 82, 83, Sellers 83, Smith 83, Wilson 84, Stackhouse 84, Heaton 85, Walton 86, Howell 86, Dewees, 86, Christian 86, Paine 87, Pim 87, Pleadwell 87, Raper 87, Jackson 87, Thomas 88, Mather 89, Thomas 89, Morris 89.

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ADDITIONS AND CORRECTIONS.

Page 36, tenth line from top, for "Dolgnn" read *Dolgun.*

Page 47, ninth line from top, strike out "(his second wife)."

Page 48, Foot Note, for "Penlly" read *Penllyn.*

Page 56, third line from top, for "Floww" read *Flower.*

Page 62, Gillam Chart, second line, for "Dugan" read *Dungan.*

Page 79, seventh line from bottom, for "May" read *Mary.*

Page 84, Wilson Chart, first line, after "David Wilson" add *Born 5, 29, 1691.* After "Grace, daughter of Thomas Stackhouse," add *Married 1, 31, 1719.* Jonathan Wilson was born 10, 19, *1728-9.*

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